

Brussels, 13.6.2025 COM(2025) 309 final

2025/0162 (NLE)

Proposal for a

COUNCIL DECISION

on the conclusion of a broad package of agreements to consolidate, deepen and expand the bilateral relations with the Swiss Confederation

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EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

1. CONTEXT OF THE PROPOSAL

Reasons for and objectives of the proposal

The European Union and the Swiss Confederation (hereafter also referred to as "Switzerland") are closely intertwined from an economic, historical, cultural, social and political perspective. The Union is Switzerland's largest trading partner, while Switzerland is the Union's fourth largest trading partner. Over 1.5 million Union citizens live in Switzerland and just under 450 000 Swiss nationals live in the Union. Every day several hundred thousand frontier workers cross the EU-Swiss border in both directions.

The Union and Switzerland are tied together by multiple bilateral agreements. Through agreements on the free movement of persons, land transport, air transport, trade in agricultural products and mutual recognition in relation to conformity assessment, Switzerland takes part in the Union's internal market¹. Through the Agreement between the Union, the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on the Swiss Confederation's association with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen *acquis*, Switzerland is also a Schengen associated country. During the COVID-19 pandemic, cooperation between the Union and Switzerland on cross-border health threats increased. Switzerland has also traditionally been a strong partner in research and innovation. The country has collaborated with the Union on numerous Union funding programmes focused notably on research, innovation, and education.

While the EU-Switzerland relationship is close, it has also been hampered by several longstanding structural problems. To solve those problems, between 2014 and 2021, the Union and Switzerland conducted negotiations on an Institutional Framework Agreement. The Institutional Framework Agreement would have also provided the governance framework for additional agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates, including agreements for which negotiations had been authorised by the Council, notably on food safety (2003 and 2008) and electricity (2006). In addition, it would have provided the governance framework for the agreement on health, for which negotiations had been authorised by the Council in 2008.

Negotiators reached an agreement on a draft Institutional Framework Agreement text at technical level in November 2018. In reaction to the Federal Council's refusal to endorse the draft text, negotiations on the other agreements came to a halt as both the Council, in its conclusions of 19 February 2019, and the European Parliament, in its recommendation of 26 March 2019, made the conclusion of new internal market access agreements or improved conditions under existing agreements conditional on the conclusion of the Institutional Framework Agreement. On 26 May 2021, despite further attempts to find solutions, the Swiss Federal Council decided to unilaterally terminate the negotiations on the Institutional Framework Agreement. Switzerland's unilateral decision brought the bilateral cooperation in the areas of research, innovation and education to a temporary halt.

Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on the Carriage of Goods and Passengers by Rail and Road, Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation Air Transport, Agreement between the European Community, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other, on the free movement of persons, Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on mutual recognition in relation to conformity assessment, Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products, all signed on 21 June 1999 (OJ L 114, 30.4.2002, p. 1).

Following the breakdown of the negotiations on the Institutional Framework Agreement, the European Commission and Switzerland initiated exploratory talks in March 2022 to discuss the future of EU-Switzerland relations. These talks led to a Common Understanding that recorded both sides' political understanding on the way forward for a future negotiation and identified the components and parameters of a broad negotiating package, as well as landing zones and solutions on key institutional and sectoral points.

The Common Understanding was endorsed by the Swiss Federal Council and by the European Commission in November 2023. Both sides committed to use it as a basis for seeking their negotiating mandates and recorded their ambition of concluding the negotiations in the course of 2024.

Consequently, on 20 December 2023, the Commission adopted a Recommendation for a Council decision to authorise negotiations on the broad package of measures identified and defined during the exploratory talks². The overall objective of these negotiations was to modernise and strengthen bilateral relations between the Union and Switzerland, ensure fair competition between Union and Swiss companies operating within the internal market, and safeguard the rights of Union citizens in Switzerland, including preventing discrimination between citizens of different Member States. This would allow citizens, businesses, and researchers on both sides to fully benefit from the geographical proximity, shared values, and economic links between the Union and Switzerland. In parallel, the Federal Council undertook the corresponding preparatory work on the Swiss side. Following the completion of the relevant processes in Switzerland, the Council adopted a decision on 12 March 2024, authorising the Commission to launch negotiations on the broad package of measures, along with detailed negotiating directives³.

The negotiations on the broad package were launched on 18 March 2024 by the President of the European Commission, Ursula von der Leyen, and the then President of the Swiss Confederation, Viola Amherd. The Commission conducted the negotiations in consultation with the Council, including the General Affairs Council and the EFTA Working Party as the special committee appointed by the Council for the purpose of negotiations with Switzerland. Due regard has been given to the resolution of the European Parliament of 4 October 2023 and the Commission kept the European Parliament fully informed in accordance with Article 218(10) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU).

After nine months of intense negotiations, Presidents von der Leyen and Amherd announced the successful completion of discussions on all elements of the broad package on 20 December 2024. The broad package includes the update of five agreements that presently give Switzerland access to the Union's internal market; the update of the dispute settlement mechanism in the agreement on trade in agricultural products, along the lines of the established practice in the Union's and Switzerland's trade agreements with other partners; a new protocol on food safety that will establish a Common Food Safety Area covering all dimensions of the food chain and replacing the sanitary and phytosanitary annexes to the agreement on trade in agricultural products; a new agreement on electricity that will allow the participation of Switzerland in the Union's internal electricity market; a new agreement on health that will allow Switzerland to take part in Union mechanisms and bodies addressing

² COM(2023) 798 final, 20.12.2023.

Council Decision (EU, Euratom) 2024/995 of 12 March 2024 authorising the opening of negotiations with the Swiss Confederation on institutional provisions in agreements between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation related to the internal market, on an agreement on the Swiss Confederation's participation in Union programmes and on an agreement that forms the basis for the Swiss Confederation's permanent contribution to the Union's cohesion (OJ L, 2024/995, 26.3.2024).

serious cross-border threats to health, notably the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control and the Early Warning and Response System; a new agreement on Switzerland's permanent and fair financial contribution to economic and social cohesion within the Union, reflecting the level of partnership and cooperation between the parties; and a new agreement that will allow Switzerland to participate in several Union programmes open to association of third countries: Horizon Europe, Euratom Research and Training, ITER/F4E (Fusion for Energy), Digital Europe, Erasmus+, as well as EU4Health, a programme that aims to complement the cooperation established in the health agreement that the two partners negotiated as part of the same broad package. In addition to the elements listed above, the broad package also includes a separate protocol on parliamentary cooperation.

This proposal concerns the conclusion of the following agreements and protocols within the broad package:

- (a) Amending Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and its Member States, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other, on the free movement of persons;
- (b) Institutional Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and its Member States, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other, on the free movement of persons;
- (c) Amending Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on air transport;
- (d) Institutional Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on air transport;
- (e) State aid Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on air transport
- (f) Institutional Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on the Carriage of Goods and Passengers by Rail and Road;
- (g) Amending Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on the Carriage of Goods and Passengers by Rail and Road;
- (h) State aid Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss confederation on the Carriage of Goods and Passengers by Rail and Road;
- (i) Amending Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on mutual recognition in relation to conformity assessment;
- (j) Institutional protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on mutual recognition in relation to conformity assessment;
- (k) Amending Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products;
- (l) Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products establishing a Common Food Safety Area;
- (m) Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on electricity;
- (n) Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on health;
- (o) Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on Switzerland's regular financial contribution towards reducing economic and social disparities in the European Union;

- (p) Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other part, on the participation of the Swiss Confederation in Union Programmes;
- (q) Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on the terms and conditions for the participation of the Swiss Confederation in the European Union Agency for the Space Programme;
- (r) Protocol between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on parliamentary cooperation.

These agreements and protocols are accompanied by a Joint Declaration by the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on the establishment of a high-level dialogue on the broad bilateral package and the possible further development of the bilateral relations between the European Union and Switzerland, which should be approved on behalf of the Union.

The agreement on Switzerland's participation in the European Agency for the Space Programme foresees its provisional application as from 1 January 2026 or 1 January of the year following its signature, depending on whether or not that signature takes place before 1 July 2026.

While the agreement on Switzerland's participation in Union programmes forms an integral part of the broader package negotiated between the two partners in 2024, the Commission decided to expedite the proposal for its signature with the aim of starting its provisional application from 1 January 2025. The Commission made separate proposals to that effect⁴.

The proposed approach will allow to give effect to the transitional arrangements that the Commission granted to Switzerland during the negotiations of the broad package. At the same time, it does not affect the broad package approach established by the Common Understanding and confirmed by the Council mandate.

The agreement on Switzerland's participation in Union programmes includes a sunset clause, which provides that the provisional application of the agreement will cease if Switzerland does not complete its procedures necessary for the entry into force of the package by the end of 2028. The Commission proposal on the signing of the agreement on Switzerland's participation in Union programmes therefore provides that it will be concluded as part of the broad package of agreements that were the subject of the negotiations conducted in 2024.

Consistency with existing policy provisions in the policy area

The introduction of institutional provisions will ensure a more consistent and uniform application of the Union *acquis* in the parts of the internal market in which Switzerland participates or in policy areas in which Switzerland has committed to dynamic alignment, to the principle of uniform interpretation and application, and to dispute settlement with a role for the Court of Justice of the European Union for matters of Union law. The principles of non-discrimination of Union citizens and a level playing field between Union and Swiss companies is at the heart of the various agreements.

• Consistency with other Union policies

The broad package of the EU-Switzerland agreements fully respects the Treaties and preserves the integrity and the autonomy of the Union legal order. It promotes the values, objectives and interests of the Union, and ensures consistency, effectiveness and continuity of its policies and actions.

⁴ COM(2025) 159 final and COM(2025) 160 final, 9.4.2025.

The institutional and substantive changes to the existing agreements, as well as, where relevant, the introduction of State aid rules, and the new agreements will help achieve the Union's policy objectives in the following policy areas:

- internal market,
- competition,
- employment and social affairs,
- free movement of persons,
- transport,
- agriculture,
- food safety and quality,
- animals and animal products,
- plants and plant products,
- consumer protection,
- energy,
- health,
- trade.

In addition, the agreement associating Switzerland to Union programmes and the agreement on Switzerland's participation in the European Union Agency for the Space Programme will contribute to furthering the Union's policy objectives in the following policy areas:

- education and training,
- research and innovation,
- digital economy and society,
- health
- space.

The Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on Switzerland's regular financial contribution towards reducing economic and social disparities in the European Union will contribute to the achievement of the Union's policy objectives in relation to its economic and social cohesion.

By ensuring that Switzerland makes an adequate financial contribution to the management and operation of the agencies and bodies in which it participates, and the information systems to which it has access, the Union's financial interests will be protected.

The forum for cooperation and dialogue between members of the European Parliament and the Swiss Federal Assembly established by a dedicated protocol is in line with the practice in association and strategic partnership agreements the Union concludes with third countries.

While several agreements or protocols covered by this proposal rely on the technical and digital systems for their implementation, the proposal does not introduce any requirements mandating changes with respect to the use or architecture of these systems. The "digital by default" principle remains unaffected by the proposal.

2. LEGAL BASIS

Together, the agreements and protocols that are the subject of the proposed decision are intrinsically linked and constitute a coherent whole and lay down the architecture of a reinforced and comprehensive partnership in a broad range of areas covered by the Treaties, based on an appropriate balance of rights and obligations. Hence, the appropriate substantive legal basis for the proposed Council Decision on the conclusion of the aforementioned agreements and protocols is Article 217 TFEU.

In the case of association agreements, the Council can adopt the decision concluding the agreement after obtaining the consent of the European Parliament. Given that Article 217 TFEU is the substantive legal basis, the consent of the European Parliament is required. Therefore, the procedural legal basis of the decision concluding the agreements and protocols which are the subject of this proposal is Article 218(6), second subparagraph, point (a)(i), TFEU, read in conjunction with the second subparagraph of Article 218(8) TFEU. In addition, Article 218(7) TFUE should be added as a legal basis as it is appropriate for the Council to authorise the Commission to approve on the Union's behalf certain modifications to the agreements which are to be adopted by a simplified procedure or by a body set up by the agreements.

Thus, the legal basis for the proposed Council Decision is Article 217 TFEU, read in conjunction with Article 218(6), second subparagraph, point (a)(i), Article 218(7) and the second subparagraph of Article 218(8) TFEU.

The Commission considers that the Union has competence in all areas covered by the agreements and protocols which are the subject of this proposal and that therefore the agreements and protocols should be concluded by the Union alone.

3. BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

The agreement on Switzerland's participation in Union programmes will have an impact on the Union budget through the association of Switzerland to Horizon Europe, Euratom Research and Training Programme, the activities of the European Joint Undertaking for ITER and the Development of Fusion Energy, Digital Europe, Erasmus+ and EU4Health programmes. This agreement sets out fair and balanced conditions concerning the financial contribution of Switzerland to Union programmes in which it would participate and provides for the administrative costs for managing those programmes. The agreement includes a reciprocity clause, ensuring that legal entities established in the Union have, as far as possible, access to participate in Switzerland's equivalent research and innovation programmes, in accordance with the conditions laid down in the domestic legislation of Switzerland.

Part I of the Legislative Financial Statement presented with this proposal sets out the indicative budgetary implications of the agreement on Switzerland's participation in Union programmes.

In the agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates, the agreement on health and the agreement on the European Union Agency for the Space Programme, Switzerland has agreed to make financial contributions to the Union budget for the management and operation of the agencies and bodies in which it participates, and the information systems to which it has access, taking into account the scope of each agreement.

In most cases, the payment modalities are laid out in dedicated annexes, which follow the same model. A set of standard provisions common to the agreements and protocols concerned require that Switzerland pays an annual financial contribution due at the dates specified in the

calls for funds issued by the European Commission. This contribution will be composed of the sum of an operational contribution and a participation fee.

Where other financing arrangements already exist for agencies or information systems, these are maintained.

The specific financing arrangements for the agencies and information systems are described in the section that details the provisions of the agreements. Part II of the Legislative Financial Statement presented with this proposal illustrates the future budgetary implications of these arrangements and their payment modalities.

4. OTHER ELEMENTS

Implementation by bodies established under the agreements and protocols

The package of agreements is bound together by similar institutional provisions and/or other interlinkages. All agreements covered by the broad package include Joint Committees consisting of representatives of the Union and Switzerland, which largely follow the same model. All agreements in fields related to the internal market, the agreement on trade in agricultural products, the agreement on health and the agreement on Switzerland's regular financial contribution to the Union's social and economic cohesion allow for the possibility to set up working groups. Several agreements contain dispute settlement mechanisms, based on the same model, which ensures that breaches of obligations by one of the Parties under the agreement concerned or across the package of agreements can be addressed. Finally, the protocol on parliamentary cooperation sets up a Joint Parliamentary Committee composed of representatives of the European Parliament and of the Swiss Federal Assembly.

Implementation and application of the agreements and protocols

In accordance with Article 216(2) TFEU, agreements concluded by the Union are binding upon the institutions of the Union and its Member States.

It is appropriate to authorise the Commission, pursuant to Article 218(7) TFEU, to adopt the Union's position with regard to certain technical decisions, to be adopted by a simplified procedure or by a body set up under the agreements that are part of the package to ensure the effective and efficient management and operation of the agreements and protocols. Such authorisations concern e.g. the following types of decisions:

- the definition of handling instructions for sensitive non-classified information,
- the setup of new working groups under the agreements,
- the integration of Union legal acts in the agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates and the agreement on health, subject to any technical adjustments needed,
- the amendment of certain annexes to the agreement on trade in agricultural products,
- the amendment of certain annexes to the agreement on land transport other than those to which dynamic alignment applies,
- the adoption of solutions for direct information exchange between the European Commission and Swiss competent authorities and relevant bodies in areas where rapid transfer of information is needed.

The Commission should inform the Council in advance of any upcoming decision of the above-mentioned kinds. The Council may object to those proposed decisions by a blocking minority of the Council in accordance with Article 16(4) TEU. In that case, the Commission

has to reject the proposed decision on behalf of the Union, without prejudice to the possibility of subsequently making a proposal to the Council in accordance with Article 218(9) TFEU.

To guarantee compliance with the obligations under the agreements that are part of the package, the agreements and protocols foresee robust enforcement mechanisms in the form of dispute settlement mechanisms in the agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates, in the agreement on trade in agricultural products, in the agreement on health and in the agreement on Switzerland's financial contribution to the Union's cohesion.

Most agreements and protocols that are part of the package provide for the possibility for the Parties to take measures to protect their interests, such as compensatory measures for the failure to comply with a decision of an arbitral tribunal, or safeguard, balancing, crisis and other measures in circumstances defined in the relevant agreements and protocols. It is important for the Union to be fully able to deploy these measures rapidly and effectively. For this purpose, any decision of the Union to take such measures should be taken by the Commission in accordance with the conditions set out in the corresponding provisions of the relevant agreements and protocols.

• Detailed explanation of the specific provisions of the proposal

Composition of the broad package and nature of the agreements and protocols

The broad package consists of several agreements and protocols that have different purposes and setups, even if they share common elements. The package notably includes agreements and a protocol in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates, an agreement on trade in agricultural products, cooperation agreements, and a protocol on parliamentary cooperation. Several of these agreements and protocols are accompanied by joint declarations. The package is completed by a joint declaration on the establishment of a high-level dialogue between the Union and Switzerland.

Agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates

As a result of institutional changes, four out of five *existing* agreements will be considered as agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates, which has notably implications as regards their interconnection. A new agreement and a new protocol will also have this status.

Existing agreements that will be considered as agreements in fields related to the internal market

- Agreement between the European Community and its Member States, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other, on the free movement of persons (hereinafter "Free movement of persons agreement"),
- Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on air transport (hereinafter "Air transport agreement"),
- Agreement between the Swiss Confederation and the European Community on the Carriage of Goods and Passengers by Rail and Road (hereinafter "Land transport agreement"),
- Agreement between the Swiss Confederation and the European Community on mutual recognition in relation to conformity assessment (hereinafter "Mutual recognition agreement").

New agreement and protocol that will be considered as agreements in fields related to the internal market

- Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on electricity (hereinafter "Electricity agreement"),
- Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products establishing a Common Food Safety Area (hereinafter "Protocol on the Common Food Safety Area").

Agreement on trade in agricultural products

 Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products (hereinafter "Agreement on trade in agricultural products").
 This agreement will no longer be considered as an agreement in a field related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates.

Cooperation agreements

Several agreements can be considered as cooperation agreements and thus they do not constitute agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates. Their setup and content differ depending on their purpose. These agreements are:

- Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on health (hereinafter "Health agreement"),
- Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on Switzerland's regular financial contribution towards reducing economic and social disparities in the European Union (hereinafter "Agreement on cohesion"),
- Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other part, on the participation of the Swiss Confederation in Union programmes (hereinafter "Agreement on Union programmes").
- Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on the terms and conditions for the participation of the Swiss Confederation in the European Union Agency for the Space Programme (hereinafter "Agreement on the Agency for the Space Programme").

Protocol on parliamentary cooperation

The Protocol between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on parliamentary cooperation (hereinafter "Protocol on parliamentary cooperation") provides a legal basis and mechanisms for political cooperation between the European Parliament and the Swiss Federal Assembly.

High-level dialogue

The "Joint Declaration by the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on the establishment of a high-level dialogue on the broad bilateral package and the possible further development of the bilateral relations between the European Union and Switzerland" will provide a framework for political discussions between the European Commissioner and Swiss Federal Councillor in charge of EU-Swiss relations. High-level dialogues are a common tool the Union relies on to provide impulses to cooperation with third countries in a specific field.

Agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates

Institutional provisions

Identical institutional provisions have been included in all agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates, subject to technically justified adaptations, either as part of the new agreements or by means of institutional protocols. The Health agreement applies the same institutional solutions by analogy. The institutional provisions comprise the following elements:

- (1) uniform interpretation and application: an obligation to interpret and apply the agreements concerned uniformly within the internal market, and, to the extent that they include concepts of Union law, in conformity with the case-law of the Court of Justice of the European Union, both prior or subsequent to the signature of the corresponding agreement;
- dynamic alignment: an obligation, subject to limited exceptions, for the parties to integrate into the agreements concerned all legal acts of the Union that fall under their scope, due to its monist legal order, these acts shall become, by their integration into the agreements, part of the Swiss legal order. In exchange, Switzerland will be involved during the preparation of the acts to be integrated into the agreements concerned, for instance Switzerland will participate in the corresponding committees and groups of experts without the right to vote. For historical reasons, in the case of the agreements on mutual recognition and on land transport, Switzerland is obliged to adopt provisions of national law achieving the result to be attained by those acts;
- (3) *dispute settlement*: an effective mechanism for the resolution of disputes based on third-party arbitration; the arbitral tribunal is under an obligation to refer questions regarding provisions of the agreements that involve concepts of Union law to the Court of Justice of the European Union, whose opinions are legally binding on the arbitral tribunal;
- (4) *interconnection between the agreements*: the possibility for the parties to take proportionate and effective compensatory measures as part of a procedure to settle disputes in case where a party considers that the other party has not complied with a decision of the arbitral tribunal; these compensatory measures can be taken in either the agreement concerned or in any other agreement related to the internal market, including the suspension in part or in full of such agreement or agreements.

State aid provisions

In addition, substantive and procedural rules, including surveillance and enforcement mechanisms, equivalent to the ones applied within the Union are included in those agreements in which a level playing for competition on the internal market needs to be ensured, notably the agreements on air transport, land transport and electricity. Such State aid rules are spelled out either in the main body of the agreement, as is the case for the Electricity agreement, or in dedicated protocols, as is the case for the agreements on air transport and land transport. In both cases, general and sectoral State aid rules that complement the above-mentioned framework are spelled out in dedicated annexes.

Participation in agencies and information systems

Switzerland will gain additional access to agencies and/or information systems under the following agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates: the Free movement of persons agreement, the Mutual recognition agreement, the Protocol on the

Common Food Safety Area and the Electricity agreement. Switzerland will also gain additional access to an agency and information systems under the Health agreement.

The above-mentioned standard provisions will apply to the financing arrangements linked to the additional access to agencies and information systems Switzerland will gain via the broad package. In principle, these standard provisions should apply to the financing arrangements linked to any further access to agencies, bodies, information systems and other activities to which Switzerland may gain in the future under agreements that are part of the package or under further agreements the Union and Switzerland may conclude.

The operational contribution that will be part of Switzerland's annual financial contribution will be based on a contribution key defined as the ratio of the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) of Switzerland at market prices to the GDP of the Union at market prices⁵. The contribution key will be applied to the annual Union voted budget inscribed on the relevant Union budget subsidy line(s) of the year in question, subject, where appropriate, to adjustments that take into account the scope of an agreement. The operational contribution for the information systems and other activities will be calculated by applying the contribution key to the relevant budget of the year in question as set out in documents implementing the budget (such as work programmes or contracts). The annual participation fee will amount to 4% of the operational contribution.

All reference amounts will be based on commitment appropriations.

The agreements that will grant Switzerland access to agencies, also include an appendix on the rights, privileges and immunities of those agencies and their staff, which follow a standard model and reflect the provisions of Protocol (No 7) on the privileges and immunities of the European Union.

Free movement of persons agreement

The updated Free movement of persons agreement will provide for dynamic alignment by Switzerland on current and future Union legal acts in the area of free movement of persons and the posting of workers.

The amending protocol to the Free movement of persons agreement makes changes to its structure. In its current version, the agreement includes a significant number of substantive provisions in its Annex I. That annex is replaced by a list of Union legal acts to which Switzerland will dynamically align and that will cover, to a large extent, the substance of those provisions.

The replacement of the substantive provisions of the agreement by the integration of the relevant Union *acquis* will be accompanied by a number of exceptions to dynamic alignment in the following areas: prior notification period and controls, financial guarantees and sanctions on service providers, proof of self-employment, acquisition of permanent residence, purchase of immovable property, identity cards, expulsions and certain matters of cantonal law concerning the coordination of social security schemes. Some of these exceptions are already included in the existing agreement. The existing provision on the rights of students will be revised, so that it is no longer possible for the Parties to discriminate against the other Party's students as regards tuition fees, as well as associated public support mechanisms, in

The respective GDPs to be applied will be the latest available as of 1 January of the year in which the annual payment is made as provided by Statistical Office of the European Union (EUROSTAT), with due regard to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on cooperation in the field of statistics (OJ L 90, 28.3.2006, p. 2).

universities principally funded with public funds. The current level of access of Union students to those universities in Switzerland will be guaranteed.

Moreover, a non-regression clause stipulates that Switzerland will not be obliged to integrate new *acquis* regarding the posting of workers if its effect would be to meaningfully weaken or reduce the level of protection of posted workers with regard to the terms and conditions of employment.

Via a protocol attached to the updated agreement, the parties will take a commitment that Union and Swiss rules on the granting of long-term residence permits are applied in a non-discriminatory manner, notably regarding the minimum duration of prior residence of five years.

The existing safeguard clause will be adapted and aligned with the institutional protocol. It can be activated in case of serious economic or social difficulties triggered by the application of the agreement. If the parties cannot agree on an appropriate, agreed solution to remedy the situation, the party alleging serious economic difficulties may bring the issue to the arbitral tribunal. It will only be able to take safeguard measures if the arbitral tribunal considers that the situation justifies them.

Several joint declarations accompanying the agreement clarify the parties' joint understanding of provisions concerning e.g. the prevention and action against the abuse of rights under the free movement of persons *acquis*, notification procedures in the context of the taking up of employment, or effective control systems, including Switzerland's dual enforcement system regarding the provision of services.

Under the agreement, Switzerland will have access and will financially contribute in accordance with the standard financial modalities to the following information systems:

- the European network of Employment Services (EURES) as established by Regulation (EU) 2016/589⁶,
- the Electronic Exchange of Social Security Information (EESSI) as established by Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 and Regulation (EC) No 987/2009⁷,
- the modules of the Internal Market Information system (IMI) as established by Regulation (EU) 1024/2012⁸ relating to the posting of workers, services, professional qualifications, the European Professional Card, Regulated Professions and the Single Digital Gateway.

Regulation (EU) 2016/589 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 April 2016 on a European network of employment services (EURES), workers' access to mobility services and the further integration of labour markets, and amending Regulations (EU) No 492/2011 and (EU) No 1296/2013 (OJ L 107, 22.4.2016, p. 1).

Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on the coordination of social security systems (OJ L 166, 30.4.2004, p. 1) and (EC) No 987/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 laying down the procedure for implementing Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 on the coordination of social security systems (OJ L 284, 30.10.2009, p. 1).

Regulation (EU) No 1024/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on administrative cooperation through the Internal Market Information System and repealing Commission Decision 2008/49/EC (OJ L 316, 14.11.2012, p. 1).

Participation in the EURES platform will promote labour mobility, facilitate the exchange of job vacancies and job seeker profiles and ensure a high-quality matching across languages and national contexts, including through the use of the European Skills, Competences, Qualifications and Occupations classification (ESCO).

The existing financing arrangements will continue to apply to Switzerland's financial contribution to the Mutual Information System on Social Protection (MISSOC), to which it already has access.

Air transport agreement

The updated Air transport agreement will provide for dynamic alignment by Switzerland on current and future Union legal acts in the area of air transport.

The amending protocol to the Air transport agreement does not change the agreement's objectives and makes limited changes to the main text and the annex to the agreement. Most notable is the mutual exchange of cabotage rights (enabling the respective airlines to fly between two points in a Member State's or Switzerland's territory) between the Parties.

No additional access to information systems is foreseen. The existing financial modalities regarding Switzerland's participation in the European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA), as established by Regulation (EU) 2018/11399, will continue to apply. The existing arrangements regarding the rights, privileges and immunities of EASA and its staff will be replaced by the above-mentioned model.

A protocol on State aid is attached to the agreement and will be accompanied by a joint declaration.

Land transport agreement

Under the updated Land transport agreement, as in its original version, Switzerland will be obliged to adopt provisions of national law achieving the result to be attained by the Union legal acts listed in the annex to the agreement.

The updated agreement will clarify that railway undertakings may operate international passenger rail services between the Union and Switzerland, including international cabotage, under their own responsibility. The amending protocol will integrate relevant Union law into the agreement guaranteeing the right to operate international rail freight services in the Union and Switzerland.

Switzerland will benefit from certain exceptions. For example, it will be able to give priority to rail services which are part of the Swiss interval-service timetable. Inversely, the Union or its Member States may give priority on their territories to Union companies operating passenger rail services over a Swiss international passenger rail service that operates a part of the international service under the Swiss interval-service timetable. Switzerland will also have the right to adopt capacity management instruments providing for a minimum number of train

Regulation (EU) 2018/1139 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2018 on common rules in the field of civil aviation and establishing a European Union Aviation Safety Agency, and amending Regulations (EC) No 2111/2005, (EC) No 1008/2008, (EU) No 996/2010, (EU) No 376/2014 and Directives 2014/30/EU and 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council, and repealing Regulations (EC) No 552/2004 and (EC) No 216/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (EEC) No 3922/91 (OJ L 212, 22.8.2018, p. 1).

paths per hour for defined types of traffic, including freight, regional and long-distance passenger traffic that may also serve an international purpose. It will also have the possibility to oblige passenger transport companies to participate in the Swiss ticketing and price integration system, while guaranteeing pricing freedom to the companies. Swiss competent authorities will also be able to directly award public service contracts in rail transport, subject to specific conditions guaranteeing that the Union's internal market for the Union's territory is not affected.

While being covered by an exception to dynamic alignment, the existing Swiss system of charges for heavy goods vehicles will be brought closer to the Union's charging system.

Switzerland shall interact with the European Union Agency for Railways as established by Regulation (EU) 2016/796¹⁰ as a third country. In line with the applicable Union legislation, and following their approval by its Management Board, the agency shall agree on arrangements with the relevant Swiss authorities detailing the nature and extent of the latter's participation in the agency's work.

No additional access to information systems is foreseen. The existing financial modalities will continue to apply to Switzerland's access to TACHOnet, as established by Regulation (EU) No 165/2014 and Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/68¹¹.

A protocol on State aid is attached to the agreement and will be accompanied by a joint declaration. The amending protocol will also be accompanied by a joint declaration.

Mutual recognition agreement

Under the updated Mutual recognition agreement Switzerland will be obliged to adopt provisions of national law achieving the result to be attained by the Union legal acts listed in the annex to the agreement. Should the scope of the agreement be extended in the future, the additional areas will also be subject to the same.

The amending protocol to the Mutual recognition agreement only makes limited changes to the main text and the annex to the agreement to better define the agreement's purpose and scope, the applicable procedures and the role of the parties' authorities and economic operators, as well as cooperation between the parties.

In all areas covered by the agreement's Annex 1, Switzerland will be obliged to adopt legislation to attain the same result as the Union *acquis* listed in that annex. The relevant provisions under Swiss law will no longer be listed in the annex. The sole exception to this

Regulation (EU) 2016/796 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 May 2016 on the European Union Agency for Railways and repealing Regulation (EC) No 881/2004 (OJ L 138, 26.5.2016, p. 1).

Regulation (EU) No 165/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 February 2014 on tachographs in road transport, repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 3821/85 on recording equipment in road transport and amending Regulation (EC) No 561/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the harmonisation of certain social legislation relating to road transport (OJ L 60, 28.2.2014, p. 1) and Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/68 of 21 January 2016 on common procedures and specifications necessary for the interconnection of electronic registers of driver cards (OJ L 15, 22.1.2016, p. 51), as amended by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1503 of 25 August 2017 (OJ L 221, 26.8.2017, p. 10).

rule concerns Chapter 11 of Annex 1, where provisions of Swiss law will continue to be listed. This reflects an agreed exception with respect to Directive 2007/45/EC¹².

In certain areas, Switzerland's access to decision-shaping will be limited. As a rule, it will not have access to relevant expert groups and comitology committees dealing with medicinal products. Nor shall it have access to the European Medicines Agency. In the area of medical devices, Switzerland's role in committees and expert groups will be limited to one of observer.

Under the updated agreement Switzerland will have access and will contribute financially to the EudraGMDP information system on the Community code relating to medicinal products for human use, as established by Directive 2004/27/EC¹³.

Electricity agreement

The Electricity agreement will provide for dynamic alignment by Switzerland on current and future Union legal acts in the area of electricity.

The purpose of the Electricity agreement is to allow Switzerland's access to the Union's internal electricity market. It aims *e.g.* to foster cross-border electricity trade; to guarantee the integrity and transparency of the electricity market as well as the equal treatment of all market participants therein; to ensure the stability of electricity networks and security of supply; as well as to promote electricity produced from renewable energy sources. The agreement defines the rules and concepts applicable to the internal electricity markets as well as the roles and responsibilities of actors such as transmission system and distribution system operators. It also foresees a transitional arrangement for pre-existing long-term capacity reservations on interconnectors at the Swiss border, which are not compatible with the *acquis*.

With regard to environmental protection in the electricity sector, Switzerland is obliged to adopt or maintain provisions of Swiss law laying down requirements that ensure at least the same level of protection as laid down in the relevant *acquis*. Such provisions may not constitute an obstacle to the free access to the Swiss market of goods and services from the Union that comply with the requirements laid down in the relevant *acquis*. An exception to the obligation of dynamic alignment is foreseen that allows Switzerland to take necessary, proportionate and non-distorting measures to ensure security of electricity supply, by establishing and having in place electricity reserves, to the extent they are compatible with the agreement.

Under the agreement, Switzerland will be able to participate in and will have to contribute to the financing of the European Union Agency for the Cooperation of Electricity Regulators (ACER), as established by Regulation (EU) 2019/942¹⁴. The agreement includes a standard appendix on the rights, privileges and immunities of ACER and its staff. Switzerland will also have access and will financially contribute, in accordance with the standard financial

Directive 2007/45/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 September 2007 laying down rules on nominal quantities for prepacked products, repealing Council Directives 75/106/EEC and 80/232/EEC, and amending Council Directive 76/211/EEC (OJ L 247, 21.9.2007, p. 17).

Directive 2004/27/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 amending Directive 2001/83/EC on the Community code relating to medicinal products for human use (OJ L 136, 30.4.2004, p. 34).

Regulation (EU) 2019/942 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 June 2019 establishing a European Union Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (OJ L 158, 14.6.2019, p. 22).

modalities, to the Union Database, as established by Directive (EU) 2018/2001, on the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources¹⁵.

The agreement includes provisions on State aid and will be accompanied by a joint declaration.

Protocol on the Common Food Safety Area

The Protocol on the Common Food Safety Area will provide for dynamic alignment and simultaneous application by Switzerland across the entire Union *acquis* linked to the food chain.

The current SPS-related annexes to the existing Agreement on trade in agricultural products will be removed from the Agreement on trade in agricultural products and their subject matter will be dealt with in the Protocol on the Common Food Safety Area. It is from those annexes that the Agreement on trade in agricultural products in its current form derives its present qualification as an agreement in a field related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates.

The Protocol on the Common Food Safety Area which supplements the agreement on trade in agricultural products will remain linked to the Agreement on trade in agricultural products in that if either the agreement or protocol is ended, the other instrument will be automatically ended as well.

The protocol establishes a Common Food Safety Area that covers all dimensions of the food chain. Its objectives are *e.g.* to enhance food and feed safety, to ensure a high level of human, animal and plant health, to combat antimicrobial resistance, and to enhance animal protection and promote high standards of animal welfare.

In addition to dynamic alignment with regard to all legal acts in the Union *acquis* related to the entire food chain, the Protocol on the Common Food Safety Area includes an obligation for Switzerland to temporarily apply any non-legislative acts based on the applicable secondary legislation from the date such non-legislative acts become applicable in the Union, and until the date of the Joint Committee's decision on the act's incorporation, in order to guarantee their simultaneous application across the entire Common Food Safety Area.

Exceptions to the obligation of dynamic alignment will allow Switzerland, under certain conditions, to maintain provisions of national law regarding genetically modified organisms and animal welfare. In addition, Switzerland will also be able to maintain its measures regarding the import of bovine meat from cattle potentially treated with hormonal growth promoters, provided such bovine meat is not moved into the Union.

It will be possible to take compensatory measures in case of non-compliance by a party with the decision of an arbitral tribunal in either the Protocol on the Common Food Safety Area or any other agreement in a field related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates, or the Agreement on trade in agricultural products.

To allow Switzerland to prepare the change from the current system based on equivalence to a system based on the principle according to which the Union *acquis* itself applies

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Directive (EU) 2018/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2018 on the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources (OJ L 328, 21.12.2018, p. 82).

simultaneously in its territory, the Protocol on the Common Food Safety Area foresees that the current SPS-related annexes to the Agreement on trade in agricultural products will continue to have legal effects for a transitional period of maximum 24 months. After expiry of that period, all provisions of the Protocol on the Common Food Safety Area will fully apply.

The protocol foresees Switzerland's access to the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA), as established by Regulation (EC) No 178/2002¹⁶, and includes the standard appendix on its rights, privileges and immunities as well as those of its staff. The protocol also foresees a financial contribution of Switzerland in accordance with the above-mentioned standard financial modalities to the financing of EFSA as well as the following information systems:

- the EUROPHYT Portal, as established by Commission Directive 94/3/EC¹⁷,
- the Rapid Alert System for Food and Feed (RASFF), as established by Regulation (EC) No 178/2002¹⁸,
- the platform for sanitary and phytosanitary certification (TRACES), as established by Regulation (EU) 2017/625¹⁹, and
- the Animal Diseases Information System (ADIS), as established by Regulation (EU) 2020/2002²⁰.

Agreement on trade in agricultural products

Once amendments to the Agreement on trade in agricultural products introduced by the specific amending protocol will enter into force, the agreement on trade in agricultural products will no longer be considered as an agreement in a field related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates.

After deletion of the SPS-related annexes to the Agreement on trade in agricultural products, the scope of the amended agreement, including its remaining annexes will be limited to trade

Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety (OJ L 31, 1.2.2002, p. 1).

¹⁷ Commission Directive 94/3/EC of 21 January 1994 establishing a procedure for the notification of interception of a consignment or a harmful organism from third countries and presenting an imminent phytosanitary danger (OJ L 32, 5.2.1994, p. 37).

Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety (OJ L 31, 1.2.2002, p. 1).

¹⁹ Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2017 on official controls and other official activities performed to ensure the application of food and feed law, rules on and welfare, plant health and plant protection products, amending Regulations (EC) No 999/2001, (EC) No 396/2005, (EC) No 1069/2009, (EC) No 1107/2009, (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 652/2014, (EU) 2016/429 and (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Regulations (EC) No 1/2005 and (EC) No 1099/2009 and Council Directives 98/58/EC, 1999/74/EC, 2007/43/EC, 2008/119/EC and 2008/120/EC, and repealing Regulations (EC) No 854/2004 and (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Directives 89/608/EEC, 89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC, 91/496/EEC, 96/23/EC, 96/93/EC and 97/78/EC and Council Decision 92/438/EEC (OJ L 95, 7.4.2017, p. 1).

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2020/2002 of 7 December 2020 laying down rules for the application of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to Union notification and Union reporting of listed diseases, to formats and procedures for submission and reporting of Union surveillance programmes and of eradication programmes and for application for recognition of disease-free status, and to the computerised information system (OJ L 412, 8.12.2020, p. 1).

aspects. Accordingly, the concepts of uniform interpretation and application of the Union *acquis*, the role of the Court of Justice of the European Union, dynamic alignment and State aid rules are not relevant. The institutional framework foreseen in this agreement therefore differs from the one in the Protocol on the Common Food Safety Area.

The amending protocol will update the dispute settlement mechanism along the lines of the established practice in the Union's and Switzerland's trade agreements. The applicable dispute settlement procedure will be based on the one included in the agreements in fields of the internal market in which Switzerland participates. The agreement also shares with them a set of common provisions regarding the arbitral tribunal. No role is foreseen for the Court of Justice of the European Union in dispute settlement. Compensatory measures in case of non-compliance by a party with the decision of an arbitral tribunal can be taken in either the Agreement on trade in agricultural products or the Protocol on the Common Food Safety Area, but not in other agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates.

Cooperation agreements in the areas of health, cohesion, Union programmes and space

Health agreement

The Health agreement aims at strengthening EU-Switzerland cooperation regarding serious cross-border threats to health by integrating Switzerland in the relevant mechanisms and bodies.

It does not constitute an agreement in a field related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates. However, it applies the above-mentioned identical institutional provisions *by analogy* and includes an obligation of dynamic alignment with the relevant Union *acquis*.

The agreement shares with the agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates a set of common provisions regarding the arbitral tribunal, including a role for the Court of Justice of the European Union. In case of disputes, compensatory measures to remedy a potential imbalance can be taken in either the Health agreement or the health component (EU4Health) of the Agreement on Union programmes.

The agreement foresees Switzerland's access and financial contribution in accordance with the standard financial modalities to the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC), as established by Regulation (EC) No 851/2004²¹. It includes the standard appendix on the rights, immunities and privileges of the ECDC and its staff.

In the case of the Early Warning and Response System (EWRS), as established by Regulation (EU) 2022/2371²², the Swiss financial contribution under the current Multiannual Financial Framework (MFF) will be part of its contribution to the financing of the ECDC on the one hand and the EU4Health programme on the other. If, under the next MFF, the EWRS would be financed through different sources, the aforementioned modalities will apply to the Switzerland's contribution to the EWRS.

Regulation (EC) No 851/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 establishing a European Centre for disease prevention and control (OJ L 142, 30.4.2004).

Regulation (EU) 2022/2371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 November 2022 on serious cross-border threats to health and repealing Decision No 1082/2013/EU (OJ L 314, 6.12.2022, p. 26).

Agreement on cohesion

The Agreement on cohesion is not an agreement in a field related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates.

It establishes the basis for a regular financial contribution of Switzerland to the reduction of economic and social disparities in the Union, in complement to the Union and Member State measures in the area of cohesion.

The agreement lays down the parameters and rules for the determination of Switzerland's financial contribution. Contribution periods will be defined in function of the applicable multiannual financial framework of the Union. The first contribution period is foreseen to run from 1 January 2030 to 31 December 2036. It will be complemented by a one-time additional financial commitment covering the period between the end of 2024 and the end of 2029.

At the beginning of every contribution period, the parties will have to conclude a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) describing the thematic areas in which the Swiss financial contribution may be used during that period, e.g.: inclusive human and social development, sustainable and inclusive economic development, green transition, democracy and participation, or migration.

The MoU should also spell out the amount of the financial contribution, determined on the basis of the rules set out in the agreement. Switzerland's financial contribution will not be transferred to the Union budget.

The MoU will form the basis for country-specific implementation agreements between Switzerland and beneficiary Member States. These agreements will specify the country-specific allocation of funds, as well as their distribution between thematic areas, support measures, the structures for management and control and applicable conditions, and competent authorities in the Member State in question.

The agreement's dispute settlement mechanism has commonalities but also differences with the one included in the agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates. It notably shares with them a set of common provisions regarding the arbitral tribunal. However, it does not foresee a role for the Court of Justice of the European Union. In case of disputes, compensatory measures to remedy a potential imbalance can be taken in either the Agreement on cohesion or any of the agreements listed in the Agreement on cohesion.

Agreement on Union programmes

The Agreement on Union programmes sets up the legal framework for the participation of Switzerland in Union programmes. It lays down the conditions for the calculation of financial contributions to individual programmes and their administrative costs, and guarantees the Union's rights to ensure sound financial management and to protect the its financial interests. The agreement lays down conditions regarding the mobility of persons that participate in the implementation of those Union programmes. It also includes provisions regarding the suspension of the participation of Switzerland in Union programmes and the termination of the agreement.

The Agreement provides for its provisional application with retroactive effect from 1 January 2025, if signed before 15 November 2025, with the objective of starting the cooperation in the fields covered by the agreement on the date specified for each programme.

As regards Switzerland's participation in the EU4Health Programme, that date is linked to the date of entry into force of the Health agreement.

Protocol I lays down the conditions of Switzerland's association to the following Union programmes:

- the entirety of *Horizon Europe*, as of 1 January 2025: Horizon Europe (2021-2027)²³ is the Union's key funding programme for research and innovation;
- the Euratom Research and Training programme, as of 1 January 2025: the programmes which complements the Horizon Europe programme and falls under the Euratom Treaty²⁴;
- Erasmus+, as of 1 January 2027: Erasmus+ is the Union Programme for education and training, youth and sports²⁵;
- All components *Digital Europe*, except for those on cybersecurity and semiconductors, as of 1 January 2025: Digital Europe is the Union programme aimed at bridging the gap between digital technology research and market deployment.

Protocol II covers the participation of Switzerland in Fusion for Energy (F4E), the European Joint Undertaking for ITER, as established by Council Decision 2007/198/Euratom²⁶.

Protocol III foresees Switzerland's association the specific parts of the EU4Health programme²⁷ related to crisis preparedness as covered by the Health agreement. Switzerland shall participate in the EU4Health programme as of 1 January of the year following the entry into force of the Health agreement, for the remaining duration of the EU4Health Programme or until the end of the Multiannual Financial Framework 2021-2027, whichever is shorter.

Agreement on the Agency for the Space Programme

The Agreement on the Agency for the Space Programme is not an agreement in a field related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates. It spells out the conditions under which Switzerland has a right to participate in the European Union Agency for the Space Programme (EUSPA), as established by Regulation (EU) 2021/696²⁸. It is based on the EU-

Regulation (EU) 2021/695 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 April 2021 establishing Horizon Europe – the Framework Programme for Research and Innovation, laying down its rules for participation and dissemination, and repealing Regulations (EU) No 1290/2013 and (EU) No 1291/2013 (OJ L 170, 12.5.2021, p. 1).

Council Regulation (Euratom) 2021/765 of 10 May 2021 establishing the Research and Training Programme of the European Atomic Energy Community for the period 2021-2025 complementing Horizon Europe – the Framework Programme for Research and Innovation and repealing Regulation (Euratom) 2018/1563 (OJ L 167I, 12.5.2021, p. 81).

Regulation (EU) 2021/817 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2021 establishing Erasmus+: the Union Programme for education and training, youth and sport and repealing Regulation (EU) No 1288/2013 (OJ L 189, 28.5.2021, p. 1).

^{26 2007/198/}Euratom: Council Decision of 27 March 2007 establishing the European Joint Undertaking for ITER and the Development of Fusion Energy and conferring advantages upon it (OJ L 90, 30.3.2007, p. 58).

Regulation (EU) 2021/522 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 March 2021 establishing a Programme for the Union's action in the field of health ('EU4Health Programme') for the period 2021-2027, and repealing Regulation (EU) No 282/2014 (OJ L 107, 26.3.2021, p. 1).

Regulation (EU) 2021/696 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 April 2021 establishing the Union Space Programme and the European Union Agency for the Space Programme and repealing Regulations (EU) No 912/2010, (EU) No 1285/2013 and (EU) No 377/2014 and Decision No 541/2014/EU (OJ L 170, 12.5.2021, p. 69).

Switzerland agreement of 2014 on the European Satellite Navigation Programmes²⁹. The Agreement on the Agency for the Space Programme foresees that the Parties will provisionally apply it following its signature.

The agreement establishes the Swiss financial contribution to the EUSPA, using the same contribution key to calculate the operation and participation fees as the one established in the agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates as of 2028. Depending on the date as of when the agreement will be provisionally applied, , the percentage of the operational fee on the basis of which the participation fees will be calculated will be 2% and 3% for 2026 and 2027 respectively. As of 2028, the percentage will be the same as the one used in other agreements that provide for the participation of Switzerland in agencies, *i.e.* 4%.

The agreement also allows Switzerland's participation in activities related to other components of the space programme, beyond Galileo and the European Geostationary Navigation Overlay Service (EGNOS) as established in the 2014 agreement, if a protocol to the Agreement on Union programmes so provides.

The agreement includes the standard appendix regarding EUSPA's rights, immunities and privileges and those of its staff.

Protocol on parliamentary cooperation

The Protocol on parliamentary cooperation establishes a Joint Parliamentary Committee as forum for dialogue and debate between members of the European Parliament and the Swiss Federal Assembly. Its aim is to further the mutual understanding of and reflection on the broad EU-Switzerland relationship, including its possible further development. The Joint Parliamentary Committee shall be informed on a regular basis of the decisions and recommendations of the Joint Committees established by any of the agreements that form part of the broad package. It may request any relevant information regarding the implementation of any agreement within the broad package and may make recommendations to the Parties.

Joint declaration on the establishment of a high-level dialogue between the Union and Switzerland

The aims of the high-level dialogue to be established are:

- to promote the mutual understanding and cooperation on the negotiated broad bilateral package and the possible further development of their bilateral relations;
- to discuss issues of mutual interest, in particular Switzerland's participation in the internal market and possibilities to strengthen their partnership; and
- to evaluate the implementation of the broad bilateral package, the work of the Joint Committees and the possible further development of their bilateral relations.

Cooperation Agreement between the European Union and its Member States, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other, on the European Satellite Navigation Programmes (OJ L 15, 20.01.2014, p. 3).

Texts of the agreements and notifications

The texts of the agreements and protocols are submitted to the Council together with this proposal. The texts of the joint declarations accompanying various agreements or protocols are submitted together with this proposal, together with a joint declaration on the establishment of a high-level dialogue between the Union and Switzerland and two unilateral declarations by Switzerland with regard to respectively the Free movement of persons agreement and the Health agreement.

In accordance with the Treaties, it is for the Commission to proceed, on behalf of the Union, to make the notifications provided for in the agreements and protocols, in order to express the consent of the Union to be bound by those instruments.

Table 1: Overview of institutional and other provisions common to the agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates and the Health agreement

Provisions of the agreement	Identical provisions on		
General provisions	 institutional objectives and/ or purpose of the agreement nature of the agreement and relation of protocols to the agreement (in case of an existing agreement) 		
Alignment of the agreement on legal acts of the EU	 obligation for the Joint Committee to integrate new acts falling within the scope of the agreement into the agreement participation in the drafting of a legal act ("decision shaping") and the integration of legal acts in the agreement fulfilment of constitutional obligations by Switzerland 		
Interpretation and application of the agreement	 uniform interpretation, effective and harmonious application, and exclusivity principles procedure in the event of difficulty of interpretation or application, compensatory measures and cooperation between jurisdictions 		
Other provisions	 Joint Committee Switzerland's financial contribution to the financing of the agencies and information systems to which it has access handling of information references in Union legal acts to: territories and nationals of Member States, entry into force and implementation of legal acts, addressees, rights and obligations of Member States 		
Final provisions	 entry into force and implementation modifications and termination 		
Annex on implementation of Switzerland's financial contribution	 list of activities, bodies and information systems payment modalities transitional arrangements (where relevant) 		
Annex / appendix on the arbitral tribunal	 registry and secretarial services of the arbitral tribunal initiation of dispute settlement composition of the arbitral tribunal arbitration proceedings decisions of the arbitral tribunal 		

Appendix on privileges and immunities of agencies	_	inviolability of premises, building and archives of the agency tax exemption of assets, revenues and goods and services for official use
	_	diplomatic status of correspondence and communications
	_	privileges, immunities, taxation and coverage social security of officials covered by the Staff Regulations

Table 2: Provisions on State aid common to the Electricity agreement and the State aid protocols to the Agreements on air transport and on land transport

Part / chapter of the State aid protocol or annexes	Identical provisions on
Main text	 State aid-related objectives relation of the protocol to the existing agreement (in case of an existing agreement) State aid incompatible and compatible with the agreement, and existing aid surveillance, transparency, modalities of cooperation and consultations integration of legal acts ratification and entry into force, modifications and termination
Annex on exemptions and clarifications	 measures compatible with the proper functioning of the internal market
Annex on general and sectoral acts applicable in the Union	 general acts applicable to all sectors, complemented with sectoral rules specific to the area covered by the agreement in question

Proposal for a

COUNCIL DECISION

on the conclusion of a broad package of agreements to consolidate, deepen and expand the bilateral relations with the Swiss Confederation

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION.

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 217, in conjunction with Article 218(6), second subparagraph, point (a)(i), Article 218(7), and the second subparagraph of Article 218(8) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

Having regard to the consent of the European Parliament¹,

Whereas:

- (1) In accordance with Council Decision [...] of [date]², the Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other part, on the participation of the Swiss Confederation in Union Programmes was signed on [date], subject to its conclusion at a later date, and has been provisionally applied from [date], pending its entry into force.
- (2) In accordance with Council Decision [....] of [date]³, a broad package of agreements was signed on [date], subject to its conclusion at a later date. The Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on the terms and conditions for the participation of the Swiss Confederation in the European Union Agency for the Space Programme has been provisionally applied from [date], pending its entry into force.
- (3) On 12 March 2024⁴, the Council authorised the Commission to open negotiations with the Swiss Confederation (hereafter also referred to as "Switzerland") for a broad package of measures related to bilateral relations with Switzerland, comprising of institutional and State aid provisions in, and, where necessary, specific adaptations to, agreements between the Union and Switzerland in fields related to the internal

Council Decision (EU) .../... on the signing and provisional application of the Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other part, on the participation of the Swiss Confederation in Union Programmes.

[[]Consent] published in OJ L, [XXX].

Council Decision (EU) .../... [on the signing of a broad package of agreements to consolidate, deepen and expand the bilateral relations with the Swiss Confederation, and on the provisional application of the Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on the terms and conditions for the participation of the Swiss Confederation in the European Union Agency for the Space Programme.

Council Decision (EU, Euratom) 2024/995 of 12 March 2024 authorising the opening of negotiations with the Swiss Confederation on institutional provisions in agreements between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation related to the internal market, on an agreement on the Swiss Confederation's participation in Union programmes and on an agreement that forms the basis for the Swiss Confederation's permanent contribution to the Union's cohesion (OJ L, 2024/995, 26.3.2024).

market⁵, of an agreement on Switzerland's participation in Union programmes and an agreement that forms the basis for Switzerland's permanent contribution towards reducing economic and social disparities between regions. The Council had also authorised the Commission to open negotiations with Switzerland on new agreements on electricity, health, food safety, the participation of Switzerland in the European Union Agencies for the Union Space Programme and for Railways, and on the amendment of the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on air transport to allow for cabotage.

- (4) The Commission has negotiated, on behalf of the Union, a broad package of agreements which includes protocols on institutional, State aid and amending provisions to existing agreements between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates, a Protocol to the existing Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products establishing a Common Food Safety Area, an Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on electricity, an Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on health, an Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on Switzerland's regular financial contribution towards reducing economic and social disparities in the European Union, an Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other part, on the participation of the Swiss Confederation in Union programmes, an Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on the terms and conditions for the participation of the Swiss Confederation in the European Union Agency for the Space Programme, as well as a Protocol between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on parliamentary cooperation.
- (5) The institutional protocols lay down an obligation for the Joint Committee to integrate all acts of Union law falling within the scope of the agreements as well as provisions to ensure that Switzerland is bound by the rules in question. They ensure the uniform interpretation and application of all agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates and that, where the application of those agreements involves concepts of Union law, these are interpreted and applied in accordance with the case-law of the Court of Justice of the European Union. The institutional protocols lay down an effective mechanism for the resolution of disputes based on arbitration, including the referral to the Court of Justice of the European Union of all questions of Union law arising from the case. In case of non-compliance with the decision of the arbitral tribunal, proportionate compensatory measures may be adopted in the agreement concerned or in any of the agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates.
- (6) The amending protocols to the existing agreements make the necessary substantive changes consistent with the new institutional framework. In addition, the amending

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Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on the Carriage of Goods and Passengers by Rail and Road, Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation Air Transport, Agreement between the European Community, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other, on the free movement of persons, Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on mutual recognition in relation to conformity assessment, Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products, all signed on 21 June 1999 (OJ L 114, 30.4.2002, p. 1).

- protocol to the agreement on air transport provides for the mutual exchange of cabotage rights.
- (7) The State aid protocols to the existing agreements on air transport and land transport guarantee a level playing field for Switzerland's participation in the internal market in the areas covered by those agreements. Switzerland will apply substantive and procedural rules, including surveillance and enforcement mechanisms, equivalent to those which apply within the Union.
- (8) The amending protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products provides an update of the agreement's dispute settlement mechanism along the lines of the established practice in trade agreements of the Union.
- (9) A separate protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products establishes a Common Food Safety Area covering all dimensions of the food chain. This protocol includes the institutional provisions which are common to all agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates.
- (10) The new Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on electricity lays down the rules and conditions under which Switzerland can participate in the internal electricity market. The agreement includes the institutional provisions which are common to all agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates as well as rules on State aid which are almost identical to those which apply in the areas of air transport and land transport.
- (11) The new Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on health aims at strengthening cooperation between the Union and Switzerland regarding serious cross-border threats to health and applies, by analogy, the institutional provisions which are common to the agreements in the fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates. This agreement is linked to Switzerland's participation in the Programme for the Union's action in the field of health ("EU4Health Programme").
- (12) The new Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on Switzerland's regular financial contribution towards reducing economic and social disparities in the European Union establishes the legal basis and lays down the parameters for Switzerland's regular financial contribution, within the framework of the broad package, to the reduction of economic and social disparities in the Union. The agreement includes a dispute settlement mechanism; in case of non-compliance with an arbitral ruling, proportionate compensatory measures may be adopted in any of the agreements to which the package relates.
- (13) The new Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other part, on the participation of the Swiss Confederation in Union Programmes will allow Switzerland to participate in several Union programmes open to association of third countries: Horizon Europe, Euratom Research and Training, ITER/F4E (Fusion for Energy), Digital Europe, Erasmus+, as well as EU4Health.
- (14) The new Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on the terms and conditions for the participation of the Swiss Confederation in the European Union Agency for the Space Programme lays down the conditions under which Switzerland can participate in the work of the agency.

- (15) Identical provisions in the different institutional protocols and new agreements ensure Switzerland's financial contribution to the costs of the information systems and agencies in which it participates.
- (16) The Protocol between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on parliamentary cooperation establishes a Joint Parliamentary Committee as forum for dialogue and debate between members of the European Parliament and the Swiss Federal Assembly, with a view to furthering the mutual understanding of and reflection on the broad EU-Switzerland relationship, including its possible further development
- (17) Due to the substantial changes of the agreements falling within the scope of application of Decision 2002/309/EC, Euratom of the Council and of the Commission⁶, Articles 2 to 6 of that Decision and the respective Articles 3 of Council Decisions 2011/51/EU⁷ and 2011/738/EU⁸ should be repealed and replaced by this Decision, which provides for a consistent and comprehensive set of rules on the application and implementation in the Union of the relevant agreements.
- (18) It is appropriate to define the modalities of the Union's representation in the Joint Committees and other bodies established by the agreements and protocols that are the subject of this Decision.
- (19) Pursuant to Article 218(7) TFEU, it is appropriate to authorise the European Commission to approve on the Union's behalf a set of precisely defined modifications to the agreements and protocols that are the subject of this Decision which are to be adopted by a simplified procedure or by a body set up by one of the agreements or protocols in accordance with the provisions of those agreements or protocols. All other decisions to be taken by a body set up by one of the agreements or protocols that have legal effects should be approved on the Union's behalf in accordance with Article 218(9) TFEU.
- (20) In that context, it is necessary to establish the arrangements for deciding on the positions to be taken on the Union's behalf in the Joint Committees and other bodies established by the agreements and the protocol in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates and the Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on health in order to guarantee that the legal acts adopted by the Union in the fields covered by those agreements and the protocol are integrated in those agreements and that protocol as soon as possible after adoption and transmission to Switzerland with a view to ensuring the simultaneous application of those legal acts in the Union and Switzerland.

Decision 2002/309/EC, Euratom of the Council, and of the Commission as regards the Agreement on Scientific and Technological Cooperation, of 4 April 2002 on the conclusion of seven Agreements with the Swiss Confederation (OJ L 114, 30.4.2002, p. 1).

Council Decision 2011/51/EU of 18 January 2011 on the signing of the Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on the protection of designations of origin and geographical indications for agricultural products and foodstuffs, amending the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products (OJ L 25, 18.01.20211, p. 3).

Council Decision 2011/738 of 20 October 2011 on the conclusion of the Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on the protection of designations of origin and geographical indications for agricultural products and foodstuffs, amending the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products (OJ L 297, 16.11.2011, p. 1).

- (21) With a view to enabling the Union to take rapid and effective action to protect its interests in accordance with the agreements and protocols that are the subject of this Decision, it is furthermore appropriate to authorise the European Commission to adopt decisions suspending the application of the agreements and protocols by means of compensatory, safeguard, balancing, crisis and suspensive measures in accordance with the conditions set out in the corresponding provisions of the agreements and protocols.
- (22) As regards the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products, certain measures necessary for the implementation of the Agreement should continue to be adopted by the European Commission.
- (23) The agreements and protocols that are the subject of this decision constitute a coherent whole and lay down the architecture of a reinforced and comprehensive partnership in a broad range of areas covered by the Treaties, based on an appropriate balance of rights and obligations. The decision on the conclusion of these agreements and protocols should thus be based on the substantive legal basis provided in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union for the establishment of an association involving reciprocal rights and obligations, common action and special procedure.
- (24) The conclusion of the Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other part, on the participation of the Swiss Confederation in Union programmes as regards matters falling under the Treaty establishing the European Atomic Energy Community (the "Euratom Treaty") is subject to a separate procedure.
- (25) The Joint Declaration between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on the establishment of a high-level dialogue on the broad bilateral package and the possible further development of the bilateral relations between the European Union and Switzerland on behalf of the European Union was signed on behalf of the Union on [date].
- (26) The agreements and protocols that are the subject of this Decision and the joint declarations accompanying those agreements and protocols should be approved,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

- 1. The following agreements and protocols are hereby approved:
 - (a) Amending Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and its Member States, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other, on the free movement of persons⁹;
 - (b) Institutional Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and its Member States, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other, on the free movement of persons¹⁰;
 - (c) Amending Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on air transport¹¹;

The text of the protocol is published in OJ L, [XXX].

The text of the protocol is published in OJ L, [XXX].

- (d) Institutional Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on air transport¹²;
- (e) State Aid Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on air transport¹³;
- (f) Amending Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on the carriage of goods and passengers by rail and road¹⁴;
- (g) Institutional Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on the carriage of goods and passengers by rail and road;
- (h) State Aid Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss confederation on the carriage of goods and passengers by rail and road¹⁵;
- (i) Amending Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on mutual recognition in relation to conformity assessment¹⁶;
- (j) Institutional protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on mutual recognition in relation to conformity assessment¹⁷;
- (k) Amending Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products¹⁸;
- (l) Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products establishing a Common Food Safety Area¹⁹;
- (m) Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on electricity²⁰;
- (n) Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on health²¹;
- (o) Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on Switzerland's regular financial contribution towards reducing economic and social disparities in the European Union²²;

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The text of the protocol is published in OJ L, [XXX].
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The text of the protocol is published in OJ L, [XXX].

The text of the protocol is published in OJ L, [XXX].

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The text of the protocol is published in OJ L, [XXX].

The text of the protocol is published in OJ L [XXX].

The text of the protocol is published in OJ L, [XXX].

The text of the protocol is published in OJ L, [XXX].

The text of the agreement is published in OJ L, [XXX].

The text of the agreement is published in OJ L, [XXX].

The text of the agreement is published in OJ L, [XXX].

The text of the agreement is published in OJ L, [XXX].

- (p) Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on the terms and conditions for the participation of the Swiss Confederation in the European Union Agency for the Space Programme²³;
- (q) Protocol between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on parliamentary cooperation²⁴.
- 2. The Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other part, on the participation of the Swiss Confederation in Union programmes is hereby approved as regards matters other than those falling under the Euratom Treaty²⁵.

Article 2

- 1. The Joint Declaration on the establishment of a high-level dialogue on the broad bilateral package and the possible further development of the bilateral relations between the European Union and Switzerland is hereby approved²⁶.
- 2. The following joint declarations accompanying agreements and protocols referred to in Article 1 of this Decision are hereby approved:
 - (a) the following joint declarations accompanying the amending protocol referred to in Article 1, point (a), of this Decision²⁷:
 - Joint Declaration on Union citizenship;
 - Joint Declaration on preventing and acting against abuse of rights conferred by Directive 2004/38/EC;
 - Joint Declaration on refusing social assistance and terminating residence prior to the acquisition of permanent residence;
 - Joint Declaration on the notification of the taking up of employment;
 - Joint Declaration on the Convention of the Recognition of Qualifications;
 - Joint Declaration on job vacancies;
 - Joint Declaration on common objectives regarding the freedom to provide services up to 90 working days and ensuring posted workers' rights;
 - Joint Declaration on effective control systems including Switzerland's dual enforcement system;
 - Joint Declaration on the principle of "Equal pay for equal work in the same place" and on a proportionate and adequate level of protection of posted workers;
 - Joint Declaration on the participation of Switzerland in the activities of the European Labour Authority;

The text of the agreement is published in OJ L, [XXX].

The text of the protocol is published in OJ L, [XXX].

The text of the agreement is published in OJ L, [XXX].

The Declaration is published in OJ L, [XXX].

The Declaration is published in OJ L, [XXX].

- Joint Declaration on the declaratory registration system of frontier workers;
- Joint Declaration concerning the inclusions of two EU legal acts in Annex I to the Agreement;
- (b) the joint declaration accompanying the State aid protocol referred to in Article 1, point (e), of this Decision²⁸;
- (c) the joint declaration accompanying the amending protocol referred to in Article 1(1), point (f), of this Decision²⁹;
- the joint declaration accompanying the State aid protocol referred to in (d) Article 1, point (h), of this Decision³⁰;
- (e) the joint declaration accompanying the agreement referred to in Article 1, point (m), of this Decision³¹.
- The Council takes note of the following declarations by Switzerland: 3.
 - Declaration by Switzerland on measures to be taken in respect of selfemployed persons in the context of the notification procedure for work-related short-term stays accompanying the amending protocol referred to in Article 1, point (a), of this Decision³²;
 - (b) Declaration by the Swiss Confederation regarding the inclusion of the institutional elements by analogy in the Agreement on Health accompanying the agreement referred to in Article 1, point (n), of this Decision³³.

Article 3

- 1. The Commission shall represent the Union in the Joint Committees, as well as in any additional joint body established in accordance with the following agreements and the following protocol:
 - the Agreement between the European Community and its Member States, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other, on the free movement of persons;
 - the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation (b) on air transport;
 - the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss confederation (c) on the carriage of goods and passengers by rail and road;
 - (d) the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on mutual recognition in relation to conformity assessment;
 - (e) the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products;

²⁸ The Declaration is published in OJ L, [XXX].

²⁹ The Declaration is published in OJ L, [XXX].

³⁰ The Declaration is published in OJ L, [XXX]. 31

The Declaration is published in OJ L, [XXX]. 32 The Declaration is published in OJ L, [XXX].

³³

The Declaration is published in OJ L, [XXX].

- (f) the Protocol to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products establishing a Common Food Safety Area;
- (g) Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on electricity;
- (h) Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on health;
- (i) Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on Switzerland's regular financial contribution towards reducing economic and social disparities in the European Union;
- (j) Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other part, on the participation of the Swiss Confederation in Union programmes;
- (k) Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on the terms and conditions for the participation of the Swiss Confederation in the European Union Agency for the Space Programme.
- 2. When the Commission represents the Union in the bodies established by the agreements and the protocol referred to in paragraph 1, it shall inform the Council in a timely manner about the discussions and the outcome of the meetings and of the acts adopted in those meetings.
- 3. Each Member State shall be allowed to send one representative to accompany the Commission representative, as part of the Union delegation, in meetings of the Joint Committees established by the agreements and the protocol referred to in paragraph 1.

Article 4

- 1. The Commission shall be authorised to adopt the Union's position in the Joint Committees established by the agreements and the protocol referred to in Article 3(1) with regard to the following decisions:
 - (a) decisions laying down handling instructions for sensitive non-classified information;
 - (b) decisions setting up working parties or expert groups in accordance with:
 - Article 14(7) of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (a), of this Decision;
 - Article 21(8) of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (b), of this Decision;
 - Article 51(7) of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (c), of this Decision;
 - Article 10(7) of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (d), of this Decision;
 - Article 6(7) of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (e), of this Decision;

- Article 11(8) of the protocol referred to in Article 3(1), point (f), of this Decision:
- Article 25(8) of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (g), of this Decision;
- Article 19(7) of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (h), of this Decision;
- (c) decisions that integrate Union legal acts in the agreements, subject to any technical adjustments needed, in accordance with:
 - the respective Articles 5(4) of the institutional protocols to the agreements referred to in Article 3(1), points (a) to (d), of this Decision;
 - Article 13(4) of the protocol referred to Article 3(1), point (f), of this Decision;
 - Article 27(4) of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (g), of this Decision;
 - Article 6(4) of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (h), of this Decision:
- (d) decisions establishing the list of additional committees and other bodies in which Switzerland's experts shall be involved, where this is required in order to ensure the proper functioning of the agreements or protocols, in accordance with:
 - the respective Articles 4(4) of the institutional protocols to the agreements referred to in Article 3(1), points (a) to (d), of this Decision;
 - Article 12(4) of the protocol referred to in Article 3(1), point (f), of this Decision:
 - Article 26(4) of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (g), of this Decision;
 - Article 5(4) of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (h), of this Decision;
- (e) decisions adopting the rules on the protection of personal data, professional secrecy and the legitimate interests of confidentiality which the International Bureau of the Permanent Court of Arbitration needs to respect when making the decisions of the arbitral tribunal public, in accordance with the respective Articles IV.2(4) of the following agreements or protocols:
 - the respective Appendices to the institutional protocols to the agreements referred to in Article 3(1), points (a) to (d), of this Decision;
 - the Appendix on the arbitral tribunal to the protocol referred to in Article 3(1), point (f), of this Decision;
 - the respective protocols on the arbitral tribunal to the agreements referred to in Article 3(1), points (e), (g), (h) and (i);
- (f) decisions adopting and updating the list of daily compensation and maximum and minimum hours, for which arbitrators can receive fees, in accordance with the respective Articles VI.6(2) of the following agreements or protocols:

- the respective Appendices on the arbitral tribunal to the institutional protocols to the agreements referred to in Article 3(1), points (a) to (d), of this Decision;
- the Appendix of the arbitral tribunal to the protocol referred to in Article 3(1), point (f), of this Decision;
- the respective protocols on the arbitral tribunal to the agreements referred to in Article 3(1), points (e), (g), (h) and (i), of this Decision;
- (g) the following decisions under the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (c), of this Decision:
 - decisions differentiating the charges applicable to categories of heavy good vehicles and determining the weighted average of charges referred to in Articles 40(2) and 40(3) of the agreement, in accordance with its Articles 40(2) and (5);
 - decisions reviewing and updating the maximum levels of the charges fixed in Article 40(3) of the agreement; in accordance with its Article 42(2);
 - decisions determining the administrative procedures governing the operation of the observatory for the monitoring of road, rail and combined traffic in the Alpine region as well as each Contracting Party's contribution to the financing of its operation, in accordance with Articles 45(2) and 45(3) of the agreement;
 - decisions taken pursuant to Article 46(2) and (4) of the agreement;
 - decisions in the context of consensual safeguard measures in the event of serious disturbance of transalpine traffic flows, prejudicing the attainment of the objectives set out in Article 30 of the agreement, in accordance with Article 47 of the agreement;
 - decisions to amend Annexes 5, 6, 8 and 9 of the agreement, in accordance with Article 55(3) of the agreement;
 - decisions determining the procedure for communicating info between competent authorities on carriers providing such occasional international coach services, in accordance with Article 1, point 2.3., of Annex 7 to the agreement;
 - decisions concerning authorisations to run international coach a bus services in the situations described in Article 4 of Annex 7 of the agreement, in accordance with Articles 4(4) and 4(7) of the Annex;
- (h) the following decisions under the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (d), of this Decision:
 - decisions drawing up the procedure for carrying out the verifications provided for in Articles 7 and 8 of the agreement, in accordance with the first and second indent of its Article 10(3), point (d), of the agreement;
 - decisions on the recognition or withdrawal of conformity assessment bodies contested under Article 8 of the agreement, in accordance with the third and fourth indent of Article 10(3), point (e), of the agreement;

- decisions laying down the procedure for joint inspections of compliance by designated bodies with the conditions laid down in Article (2) of Annex 4 to the agreement, in accordance with Article 4(3) of the Annex;
- (i) decisions under the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (e), of this Decision, as regards:
 - matters relating to Annexes 7 to 10 and 12 to the agreement and the Appendices thereto;
 - matters relating to Annexes 4 to 6 and 11 to the agreement during the transition period referred to in Article 32 of the protocol referred to in Article 3(1), point (f), of this Decision;
- (j) decisions laying down appropriate solutions providing for direct exchange of information between the Commission and Swiss competent authorities and relevant bodies in areas where rapid transfer of information is needed, in accordance with:
 - Article 2(2) of Annex 1 to the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (d), of this Decision;
 - Article 40(3) and 41(2) of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (g), of this Decision.
- 2. For decisions having legal effects adopted by the Joint Committees established by the agreements or the protocol referred to in Article 3(1), other than the decisions referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, the positions to be taken on the Union's behalf shall be established in accordance with the procedure set out in Article 218(9) TFEU.

Article 5

- 1. Any decision of the Union to take the following measures shall be taken by the Commission:
 - (a) compensatory measures for the incorrect application of the instruments referred to in Article 3(1), points (a) to (i), of this Decision, with a view to remedying imbalances in accordance with:
 - the respective Articles 11 of the institutional protocols to the agreements referred to in Article (3)1, points (a) to (d), of this Decision;
 - Article 21 of the protocol referred to Article 3(1), point (f), of this Decision;
 - Article 33 of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (g), of this Decision:
 - Article 16 of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (h), of this Decision; or
 - Article 17 of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (i), of this Decision;
 - (b) rebalancing and interim rebalancing measures in case safeguard measures taken by Switzerland under the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (a), of this Decision, intended to remedy serious economic or social difficulties caused by the application of the agreement have created an imbalance between

- the respective rights and obligations under the agreement, in accordance with the Articles 14a(3) and 14a(5) of the agreement;
- (c) the following measures under the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (c), of this Decision:
 - unilateral safeguard measures increasing the charges applicable to vehicles in the event of difficulties with transalpine road traffic flows and an under-utilisation of the Union rail capacity with the aim to make rail and combined transport more competitive vis-à-vis road transport, in accordance with Article 46 of the agreement;
 - consensual safeguard measures in the event of serious disturbance of transalpine traffic flows, prejudicing the attainment of the objectives set out in Article 30 of the agreement, in accordance with Article 47 of the agreement;
 - crisis measures intended to restore and maintain transalpine traffic flows in the event that those are seriously disrupted for reasons of force majeure, in accordance with Article 48 of the agreement;
- (d) safeguard measures in the event that, in connection with the application of Annexes 1, 2 and 3 of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (e), of this Decision, imports of agricultural products originating in Switzerland cause or threaten to cause a serious disturbance in the Union's common agricultural markets, in accordance with Article 10 of the agreement;
- (e) interim safeguard measures in the event that a failure by Switzerland to fulfil an obligation under the Annexes 7 to 10 of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (e), of this Decision, represents a risk of endangering human health or impairing the effectiveness of measures to combat fraud in accordance with Article 26 of Annex 7, Article 16 of Annex 8, Article 9 of Annex 9 and Article 5 of Annex 10 to the agreement;
- (f) the suspension or termination of the participation of Switzerland in Union programmes in accordance with Article 19 of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (j), of this Decision;
- (g) measures necessary to ensure the integrity of the Union's Food Safety Area, as set out in Article 15(3) of the protocol referred to in Article 3(1), point (f), of this Decision;
- (h) the suspension of the participation of Switzerland in the Union agencies, information systems and other activities listed to which Switzerland has access in accordance with:
 - the respective Articles 13(2) of the institutional protocols referred to in Article 3(1), points (a) to (d), of this Decision;
 - the respective Articles 9(2), 49(2) and 25(2) of the agreements and the protocol referred to in Articles 3(1), points (f), (g) and (h), of this Decision.
- 2. In the case of decisions referred to in paragraph 1, points (a) to (f), the Commission shall consult the European Parliament and the Council before taking its decisions. The Commission may set, depending on the urgency of the matter, a time-limit within which the Council and the European Parliament may deliver their opinion.

Article 6

- 1. The Commission shall adopt the measures necessary for the implementation of the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (e), of this Decision as regards:
 - the implementation of the tariff concessions set out in Annex 2 and Annex 3 to the agreement as well as amendments and technical adaptations made necessary by amendments to the Combined Nomenclature and TARIC codes;
 - the implementation of Title III of Annex 7, Article 14 of Annex 8, Annex 9, Annex 10 and Articles 3, 13 and 15 of Annex 12 to the agreement.
- 2. During the transition period referred to in Article 32 of the protocol referred to in Article 3(1), point (f), of this Decision, the Commission shall adopt the measures necessary for the implementation of Annexes 4 to 6 and 11 to the agreement referred to in Article 3(1), point (e), of this Decision.

Article 7

- 1. Articles 2 to 6 of Decision 2002/309/EC, Euratom are repealed.
- 2. Article 3 of Decision2011/51/EU and Article 3 of Decision 2011/738 are repealed.

Article 8

This Decision shall enter into force on the day of its adoption.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council The President

LEGISLATIVE FINANCIAL AND DIGITAL STATEMENT

"REVENUE"- FOR PROPOSALS HAVING BUDGETARY IMPACT ON THE REVENUE SIDE OF THE BUDGET

PART I: UNION PROGRAMMES

1. NAME OF THE PROPOSAL:

Proposal for a Council Decision on the conclusion of a broad package of agreements to consolidate, deepen and expand the bilateral relations with the Swiss Confederation.

2. BUDGET LINES:

Part I details the financial impact of the Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other part, on the participation of the Swiss Confederation in Union programmes (hereafter the "Agreement on Union programmes"). Part II details the financial impact of the agreements in the broad package which foresee in a financial contribution of Switzerland to various agencies and information systems.

• Horizon Europe

Revenue line (Chapter/Article/Item):

- 6 0 1 0 — Horizon Europe — Assigned revenue

Amount budgeted for the year concerned:

The revenues will be assigned to the following expenditure line (Chapter/Article/Item):

- Whole article 01 01 01 (01 01 01 01, 01 01 02, 01 01 01 03, 01 01 01 11, 01 01 01 12, 01 01 01 13, 01 01 01 71, 01 01 01 72, 01 01 01 73, 01 01 01 74, 01 01 01 76);
- Whole article 01 02 01 (01 02 01 01, 01 02 01 02, 01 02 01 03);
- Whole article 01 02 02 (01 02 02 10, 01 02 02 11, 01 02 02 12, 01 02 02 20, 01 02 02 30, 01 02 02 31, 01 02 02 40, 01 02 02 41, 01 02 02 42, 01 02 02 43, 01 02 02 50, 01 02 02 51, 01 02 02 52, 01 02 02 53, 01 02 02 54, 01 02 02 60, 01 02 02 61, 01 02 02 70);
- Whole article 01 02 03 (01 02 03 01, 01 02 03 02, 01 02 03 03);
- Whole article 01 02 04 (01 02 04 01, 01 02 04 02);
- Article 01 02 05;
- Budget line 20 XX Administrative expenditure of the European Commission.

• Erasmus+

Revenue line (Chapter/Article/Item):

- 6 0 1 0 — Erasmus+ — Assigned revenue

Amount budgeted for the year concerned:

The revenues will be assigned to the following expenditure line (Chapter/Article/Item):

- Whole article Erasmus+ (Heading 2: 07.030101, 07.030102, 07.0302, 07.0303, 07.010201.xx, 07.010275)
- Erasmus+ (Heading 6: 15.020102, 14.020150, 14.010175, 15.010175).
- Budget line 20 XX Administrative expenditure of the European Commission

• EU4Health

Revenue line (Chapter/Article/Item):

Title 6: Revenue, contributions and refunds related to Union policies, Chapter 61:
 Cohesion, resilience and values, Article 6 1 1: Recovery and Resilience, and Item 6113 EU4Health programme - Assigned revenue

The revenues will be assigned to the following expenditure lines:

Budget line	Title
06 01 05 73 – Heading 2b	European Health and Digital Executive Agency — Contribution from the EU4Health programme
06 01 05 01 – Heading 2b	Support expenditure for the EU4Health Programme
06 06 01 – Heading 2b	EU4Health Programme
20 02 01 01 – Heading 7	Contract agents
20 04 01– Heading 7	Information systems

• Digital Europe

Revenue line (Chapter/Article/Item):

– 6022 — Digital Europe Programme — Assigned revenue

Amount budgeted for the year concerned: 19 296 000

The revenues will be assigned to the following expenditure line (Chapter/Article/Item):

02 01 30 01	Support expenditure for the Digital Europe Programme		
02 01 30 73	European Health and Digital Executive Agency — Contribution from the Digital Europe Programme		
02 04 02 10	Digital Europe Programme - High-performance computing		
02 04 03 00	Digital Europe Programme - Artificial intelligence		
02 04 04 00	Digital Europe Programme - Skills		
02 04 05 01	Digital Europe Programme - Deployment		
02 04 05 02	Digital Europe Programme - Deployment / Interoperability		
Budget line 20.XX	Administrative expenditure of the European Commission		

3. FINANCIAL IMPACT¹

- ☐ Proposal has no financial implications
- □ Proposal has no financial impact on expenditure but has a financial impact on revenue
- ☑ Proposal has a financial impact on assigned revenue

The effect is as follows:

• Horizon Europe

(EUR million to three decimal place)

Revenue line	Impact on revenue	XX months period starting dd/mm/yyyy (if applicable)	Year N (2025)
6010	1 934.043	36 months starting 01/01/2025	636.724

Situation following action					
Revenue line 2025 2026 2027					
6 0 1 0 636.724 640.836 656.483					

All figures for years 2026 and 2027 which are quoted in this section are indicative, and correspond to the latest estimates available.

EN 41 EN

Expenditure line	2025	2026	2027
Articles 01 01 01; 01 02 01; 01 02 02; 01 02 03; 01 02 04; 01 02 05		622.171	631.234
20 XX	15.530	18.665	25.249

• Erasmus+

(EUR million to three decimal place)

Revenue line	Impact on revenue	XX months period starting dd/mm/yyyy (if applicable)	Year N (2027)
6010	181,1	12 months starting 01/01/2027	-

Revenue line	2027
6010	181,1

Expenditure line	2027
Articles: 07.030101, 07.030102, 07.0302, 07.0303, 07.010201, 07.010275	174,1
20 XX	7,0

• EU4Health

(EUR million to one decimal place)

Revenue line	Impact on revenue ²	24 months period starting 01/01/2026	Year N
Article 6113	47,738 ³	01/01/20264	31/12/2027

The amount is an estimation based on the formula or method defined under section 4.

Revenue line	20265	2027
Article 6113	23,869	23,869

(EUR million to one decimal place)

Expenditure line	Title	2026 allocation
06 01 05 73	European Health and Digital Executive Agency — Contribution from the EU4Health programme	0,684
06 01 05 01	Support expenditure for the EU4Health Programme	0,292
06 06 01	EU4Health Programme	22,425
20 02 01 01	Contract agents	0,234
20 04 01	Information systems	0,234

• Digital Europe

EUR million to three decimal place)

Revenue line	Impact on revenue	XX months period starting dd/mm/yyyy (if applicable)	Year N (2025)
6022	59.875	36 months starting 01/01/2025	19.296

Situation following action			
Revenue line 2025 2026 2027			
6022	19.296	18.793	21.786

The total amount is slightly different from the total amount in the below table due to rounding of the annual amounts up to one decimal.

Switzerland shall participate in the EU4Health Programme from 1 January of the year following the entry into force of the Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on Health, for the remaining duration of the EU4Health Programme or until the end of the Multiannual Financial Framework 2021-2027, whichever is shorter.

The amount is based on the Crisis Preparedness envelope programmed in the 2024 EU4Health Work Programme.

Expenditure line	2025	2026	2027
Articles	18.826	18.245	20.948
02 01 30			
02 04 02			
02 04 03			
02 04 04			
02 04 05			
20 XX	0.470	0.548	0.838

4. ANTI-FRAUD MEASURES

Article 325 of the Treaty on the functioning of the European Union (TFEU) requires the Commission to counter fraud and any illegal activities affecting the financial interests of the Union. Preventing and detecting fraud is therefore a general obligation for all Commission Services in the framework of their daily activities involving the use of resources.

Any fraud or irregularities involving Union funds has a particularly negative impact on the reputation of the Commission and the implementation of Union policies. The current Commission Anti-Fraud Strategy (CAFS) (COM(2019)196) was adopted on 29 April 2019, to replace the 2011 Strategy. It is a policy document setting out the Commission's priorities in the fight against fraud in view of the 2021-2027 multiannual financial framework. The 2019 CAFS' main objectives are to 1) "further improve the understanding of fraud patterns, fraudsters' profiles and systemic vulnerabilities relating to fraud affecting the EU budget" (data collection and analysis), and 2) "optimise coordination, cooperation and workflows for the fight against fraud, in particular among Commission services and executive agencies" (coordination, cooperation and processes). The strategy is accompanied by an Action Plan which was revised in July 2023 and which, like its predecessor, seeks to strengthen all parts of the anti-fraud cycle: prevention, detection, investigation and correction.

The guiding principles and target standards of the 2019 CAFS are:

- zero tolerance for fraud;
- fight against fraud as an integral part of internal control;
- cost-effectiveness of controls;
- professional integrity and competence of Union staff;
- transparency on how Union funds are used;
- fraud prevention, notably fraud-proofing of spending programmes;
- effective investigation capacity and timely exchange of information;
- swift correction (including recovery of defrauded funds and judicial/administrative sanctions);

- good cooperation between internal and external players, in particular between the
 Union and national authorities responsible, and among the departments of all institutions and bodies of the Union concerned;
- effective internal and external communication on the fight against fraud.

Articles 11 to 14 of the Agreement on Union programmes contain detailed provisions concerning the Sound Financial Management, which also includes anti-fraud measures. These meausures are to be applicable horizontally to ensure protection of the Union's financial interests across Union programmes or activities covered in the future Protocols potentially to be adopted by the Joint Committee under the Agreement on Union programmes to associate the Swiss Confederation to a number of Union programmes or activities. They are applicable also to protocols, as protocols and annexes constitute an integral part thereof.

Notably, Articles 11 and 12 of the Agreement provide for the necessary details, processes as well as allow for flawless execution of tasks by the bodies in order to safeguard the financial interests of the Union (the European Commission or by other persons mandated by the European Commission, which includes the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF), the European Court of Auditors and the European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO)). Througout the implementation of the Programmes or activities covered by the Protocols to the Agreement on Union programmes, the principle remains intact: the financial interests of the Union are to be protected by means of proportionate measures, including measures relating to the prevention, detection, correction and investigation of irreguralities, including fraud, to the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or icorrectly used and, where appropriate, to the imposition of the administrative penalties.

In accordance with the Financial Regulation, any person or entity receiving Union funds is to fully cooperate in the protection of the financial interests of the Union, grant the necessary rights and access to the Commission, OLAF, the Court of Auditors and ensure that any third parties involved in the implementation of Union funds grant equivalent rights. As expressly provided in Article 11(4) of the Agreement on Union programmes, reviews and audits may be carried out also after the suspension of application of a Protocol, cessation of application or termination of the Agreement on Union programmes.

The Agreement on Union programmes ensures the possibility for OLAF may carry out administrative investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, on the territory of the Swiss Confederation of a Swiss entity that is party to a relevant funding agreement or a Swiss entity third party implementing the funding agreement under a contract, in accordance with, and to the extent provided in, the relevant funding agreement and other applicable contract. When exercising their duties in the territory of the Swiss Confederation, the European Commission and OLAF shall act in a manner compatible with Swiss law.

Reviews and audits may be carried out by the Union officials, in particular officials of the European Commission and the European Court of Auditors, or by other persons mandated by the European Commission. When exercising their duties in the territory of the Swiss Confederation, the European Commission or other persons mandated by the European Commission shall act in a manner compatible with Swiss law.

The Swiss authorities shall cooperate, in accordance with applicable international cooperation instruments with the authorities of the Union or of the Member States competent for the investigation and prosecution of criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union, including bringing to judgment alleged perpetrators and accomplices of the said criminal offences. Requests submitted to pursuant to applicable international cooperation instruments may include as applicable requests made in relation to investigations or

prosecutions of the EPPO. This allows for a cooperation with the EPPO as provided for in Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2017 on the fight against fraud to the Union's financial interests by means of criminal law.

Furthermore the Agreement on Union programmes provides for effective mechanisms to ensure enforcement of Commission decisions on the territory of the Swiss Confederation.

5. OTHER REMARKS

The method for calculation of the financial contribution of the Swiss Confederation across Union programmes is defined in Article 7 on financial conditions suplemented by Articles 8 and 9 of the Agreement and Annex I on financial implementation provisions of the Agreement.

As regards EU4Health, the estimated distribution of the associated country contribution to the different budget lines of the programme is based on the relative share of each budget line on the budget of the programme in the Union budget (C1 appropriations, based on the Financial programming 2021-2027, including estimated top-up from fines — Article 5 of the Multiannual Financial Framework). An indicative amount of the associated country contribution will also serve to cover the decentralised administrative expenses (External personnel / Other management expenditure).

PART II:

EUROPEAN UNION AGENCY FOR THE SPACE PROGRAMME

1. NAME OF THE PROPOSAL:

Proposal for a Council Decision on the signing of a broad package of agreements to consolidate, deepen and expand the bilateral relations with the Swiss Confederation.

2. BUDGET LINES:

Part II details the financial impact of the Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on the terms and conditions for the participation of the Swiss Confederation in the European Union Agency for the Space Programme (hereafter the "Agreement"). Part I details the financial impact of the Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other part, on the participation of the Swiss Confederation in Union programmes. Part III details the financial impact of the other agreements in the broad package that foresee in a financial contribution of Switzerland to various agencies and information systems.

Revenue line (Chapter/Article/Item):

Article 04 10 01 – European Union Agency for the Space Programme (EUSPA) – external assigned revenue

The revenues will be assigned to the following expenditure line (Chapter/Article/Item):

Article 04 10 01 – European Union Agency for the Space Programme (EUSPA) – voted budget.

3. FINANCIAL IMPACT⁶

	Proposal has no financial implications
	Proposal has no financial impact on expenditure but has a financial impact on revenue
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Proposal has a financial impact on assigned revenue

All figures for years 2026 and 2027 which are quoted in this section are indicative and correspond to the latest estimates available.

(EUR million to three decimal place)

Revenue line	_	XX months period starting dd/mm/yyyy (if applicable)	Year N (2026)
04 10 01	4 098 115	24 months starting 01/01/2026	4 098 115

Revenue line	2026	2027
04 10 01	4 098 115	4 185 977

Expenditure line	2026	2027
04 10 01	4 098 115	4 185 977

4. ANTI-FRAUD MEASURES

Article 325 of the Treaty on the functioning of the European Union (TFEU) requires the Commission to counter fraud and any illegal activities affecting the financial interests of the Union. Preventing and detecting fraud is therefore a general obligation for all Commission Services in the framework of their daily activities involving the use of resources.

Any fraud or irregularities involving Union funds has a particularly negative impact on the reputation of the Commission and the implementation of Union policies. The current Commission Anti-Fraud Strategy (CAFS) (COM(2019)196) was adopted on 29 April 2019, to replace the 2011 Strategy. It is a policy document setting out the Commission's priorities in the fight against fraud in view of the 2021-2027 multiannual financial framework. The 2019 CAFS' main objectives are to 1) "further improve the understanding of fraud patterns, fraudsters' profiles and systemic vulnerabilities relating to fraud affecting the EU budget" (data collection and analysis), and 2) "optimise coordination, cooperation and workflows for the fight against fraud, in particular among Commission services and executive agencies" (coordination, cooperation and processes). The strategy is accompanied by an Action Plan which was revised in July 2023 and which, like its predecessor, seeks to strengthen all parts of the anti-fraud cycle: prevention, detection, investigation and correction.

The guiding principles and target standards of the 2019 CAFS are:

- zero tolerance for fraud;
- fight against fraud as an integral part of internal control;
- cost-effectiveness of controls:
- professional integrity and competence of Union staff;
- transparency on how Union funds are used;

- fraud prevention, notably fraud-proofing of spending programmes;
- effective investigation capacity and timely exchange of information;
- swift correction (including recovery of defrauded funds and judicial/administrative sanctions);
- good cooperation between internal and external players, in particular between the Union and national authorities responsible, and among the departments of all institutions and bodies of the Union concerned;
- effective internal and external communication on the fight against fraud.

Article 11 of the Agreement on the Agency for the Space Programme and Annex III to the agreement on Switzerland's participation in EUSPA contain detailed provisions concerning the financial as regards Swiss participants in activities of the Agency for the Space Programme, which also includes anti-fraud measures. Annex III provides the necessary details, processes as well as allow for flawless execution of tasks by the bodies in order to safeguard the financial interests of the Union (the European Commission or by other persons mandated by the European Commission, which includes the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and the European Court of Auditors, the financial interests of the Union are to be protected by means of proportionate measures, including measures relating to the prevention, detection, correction and investigation of irreguralities, including fraud, to the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or icorrectly used and, where appropriate, to the imposition of the administrative penalties.

In accordance with the Financial Regulation, any person or entity receiving Union funds is to fully cooperate in the protection of the financial interests of the Union, grant the necessary rights and access to the Commission, OLAF, the Court of Auditors and ensure that any third parties involved in the implementation of Union funds grant equivalent rights. As expressly provided in Article 11(4) of the Agreement on the Agency for the Space Programme, reviews and audits may be carried out also after the suspension of application of a Protocol, cessation of application or termination of the Agreement.

The Agreement on the Agency for the Space Programme ensures the possibility for OLAF may carry out administrative investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, on the territory of the Swiss Confederation of a Swiss entity that is party to a relevant funding agreement or a Swiss entity third party implementing the funding agreement under a contract, in accordance with, and to the extent provided in, the relevant funding agreement and other applicable contract. When exercising their duties in the territory of the Swiss Confederation, the European Commission and OLAF shall act in a manner compatible with Swiss law.

Reviews and audits may be carried out by the Union officials, in particular officials of the European Commission and the European Court of Auditors, or by other persons mandated by the European Commission. When exercising their duties in the territory of the Swiss Confederation, the European Commission or other persons mandated by the European Commission shall act in a manner compatible with Swiss law.

The Swiss authorities shall cooperate, in accordance with applicable international cooperation instruments with the authorities of the Union or of the Member States competent for the investigation and prosecution of criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union, including bringing to judgment alleged perpetrators and accomplices of the said criminal offences. Requests submitted to pursuant to applicable international cooperation instruments may include as applicable requests made in relation to investigations or prosecutions of the EPPO. This allows for a cooperation with the EPPO as provided for in

Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2017 on the fight against fraud to the Union's financial interests by means of criminal law.

Furthermore the Agreement on the Agency for the Space Programme provides for effective mechanism to ensure enforcement of Commission decisions on the territory of the Swiss Confederation.

5. OTHER REMARKS

Switzerland's annual financial contribution to the financing of EUSPA will take the form of the sum of an operational contribution on the one hand, and a participation fee on the other, as defined in Article 4 of the Agreement on the Agency for the Space Programme and Annex I to that agreement.

The operational contribution will be based on a contribution key defined as the ratio of the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) of Switzerland at market prices to the GDP of the Union at market prices. The GDPs to be applied will be the latest available as of 1 January of the year in which the annual payment will be made as provided by Statistical Office of the European Union (EUROSTAT), with due regard to the Agreement on cooperation in the field of statistics⁷. If this agreement ceases to apply, the GDP of Switzerland shall be the one established on the basis of data provided by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

The operational contribution will be calculated by applying the contribution key to the annual Union voted budget inscribed on the relevant Union budget subsidy line(s) of the year in question. All reference amounts will be based on commitment appropriations.

The annual participation fee shall be a percentage of the annual operational. The annual participation fee shall have the following values:

- in 2026: 2 %
- in 2027: 3 %
- in 2028 and subsequent years: 4 %.

All financial contributions by Switzerland or payments from the Union, and the calculation of amounts due or to be received will be made in euro.

The European Commission shall issue calls for funds to Switzerland that correspond to the contribution of Switzerland. Switzerland shall pay the amount indicated in the call for funds at the latest 45 days after receipt of the call for funds.

Any delay in the payment of the financial contribution shall give rise to the payment of default interest by Switzerland on the outstanding amount from the due date. The interest rate for amounts receivable not paid on the due date shall be the rate applied by the European Central Bank to its principal refinancing operations, as published in the C series of the Official Journal of the European Union, in force on the first calendar day of the month in which the due date falls, or 0%, whichever is higher, plus 3.5 percentage points.

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Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on cooperation in the field of statistics (OJ L 90, 28.3.2006, p. 2).

PART III:

OTHER AGENCIES AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS

1. NAME OF THE PROPOSAL:

Proposal for a Council Decision on the conclusion of a broad package of agreements to consolidate, deepen and expand the bilateral relations with the Swiss Confederation.

2. BUDGET LINES:

Part III details the financial impact of the agreements in the broad package which foresee in a financial contribution of Switzerland to various agencies and information systems, except for the Agreement between the European Union and the Swiss Confederation on the terms and conditions for the participation of the Swiss Confederation in the European Union Agency for the Space Programme. The financial impacts of the latter agrreement as well as the Agreement between the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, of the one part, and the Swiss Confederation, of the other part, on the participation of Switzerland in Union Programmes are detailed in Parts I and II of the legislative financial statement.

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Under the agreements in fields related to the internal market in which Switzerland participates, the Health agreement and the agreement on the Agency for the Space Programme enter into force, Switzerland will financially contribute to the Union budget for the management and operation of the agencies and bodies, the information systems and other activities to which it has access under those agreements. A set of standard financial modalities were negotiated and integrated in the specific agreements. These do not concern the agreements on the participation on Switzerland's participation in respectively the European Union Agency for the Space Programme and in the Union programmes.

A detailed description of the financial modalities is included in section 5 of this document.

The information systems to which Switzerland will gain access and will have to financially contribute in accordance with the agreed financial modalities are:

- the European network of Employment Services (EURES) as established by Regulation (EU) 2016/589;
- the Electronic Exchange of Social Security Information (EESSI) as established by Regulation(EC) 883/2004 and Regulation (EC) 987/2009;
- the modules of Internal Market Information system (IMI) as established by Regulation (EU) 1024/20127 relating to the posting of workers, services, professional qualifications, the European Professional Card, Regulated Professions and the Single Digital Gateway;
- the EudraGMDP information system on the Community code relating to medicinal products for human use, as established by Directive 2004/27/EC;
- the EUROPHYT Portal, as established by Commission Directive 94/3/EC of 21 January 1994;
- the Rapid Alert System for Food and Feed (RASFF), as established by Regulation (EC) No 178/2002;

- the platform for sanitary and phytosanitary certification (TRACES), as established by Regulation (EU) 2017/625;
- the Animal Diseases Information System (ADIS), as established by Regulation (EU) 2020/2002;
- the Union Database, as established by Directive (EU) 2018/2001, on the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources.

The agencies to which Switzerland will gain access and will have to financially contribute in accordance with the agreed financial modalities are:

- the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC), as established by Regulation (EC) No 851/2004;
- the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA), as established by Regulation (EC) No 178/2002;
- the European Union Agency for the Cooperation of Electricity Regulators (ACER), as established by Regulation (EU) 2019/942;

Where alternative funding sources presently exist, these will be maintained. Should this situation change in the course of the lifecycle of the agreements, the standard financial modalities should apply. The following information systems and agencies are concerned:

- TACHOnet, as established by Regulation (EU) No 165/2014 and Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/68;
- the Early Warning and Response System (EWRS), as established by Regulation (EU) 2022/2371;
- the European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA), as established by Regulation (EU) 2018/1139;
- the Mutual Information System on Social Protection (MISSOC).

To take into account that Switzerland will not have access to the activities of the Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER) falling outside of the scope of the agreement on electricity, its annual operational contribution to ACER will be calculated on the basis of an annual reference amount corresponding to 85% of the amount of the annual Union voted budget inscribed in the relevant Union budget subsidy line(s).

Under the current MFF (2021-2027) no contribution will be required from Switzerland for the financing of the EWRS in accordance with the above-mentioned financial modalities. Instead, its contribution will be covered by its contributions to the financing of the ECDC and the EU4Health programme as these are the EWRS's two funding sources under the current MFF.

The precise impact of Switzerland's contributions on the budget cannot be determined at the time of drafting this file as Switzerland will only start contributing after the concerned agreements have entered into force and their entry into force depends on Switzerland fulfilling certain constitutional obligations. This process may take several years, which might mean that the agreements will not enter into force during the current Multiannual Financial Framework.

As the agreed financing arrangements will generate a recurrent revenue stream for the Union budget and the standard provisions will provide the model for Switzerland's contributions to the management and operation of any additional agency or information system to which Switzerland will gain access in the future, it is nevertheless relevant to illustrate how the financial modalities could impact the budget. The amounts mentioned apply the financial

modalities to the 2024 budget, which served as reference during the negotiations on the financing arrangements and payment modalities.

• Information systems

European network of employment services (EURES)

Revenue line (Chapter/Article/Item):

- R6 1 2 0 – European Social Fund Plus – Assigned revenue

The revenues will be assigned to the following expenditure lines (Chapter/Article/Item):

Article 07 02 04 - ESF+ - Employment and Social Innovation (EaSI) strand, and

 Article 07 10 09 – European Labour Authority (ELA): expenditure related to the EURES platform

Electronic Exchange of Social Security Information (EESSI)

Revenue line (Chapter/Article/Item):

- 6 1 2 0 European Social Fund Plus Assigned revenue
- R 6 6 3 0 Pilot projects, preparatory actions, prerogatives and other actions

The revenues will be assigned to the following expenditure lines (Chapter/Article/Item):

- Article 07 02 04 ESF+ Employment and Social Innovation (EaSI) strand;
- Item 07 20 03 01 Free Movement of workers, coordination of social security schemes and measures for migrants, including migrants from third countries

Internal Market Information (IMI)

Revenue line (Chapter/Article/Item):

6 00 03 00 – Single Market Programme – Assigned revenue

The revenues will be assigned to the following expenditure line (Chapter/Article/Item):

- Item 03 01 01 01 - Support expenditure for the Single Market Programme (03 01 01 01 01 02)

EudraC	GMDP
Revenu	ne line (Chapter/Article/Item):
_	6 6 2
The rev	venues will be assigned to the following expenditure line (Chapter/Article/Item):
_	6 10 03 01 - Union contribution to the European Medicines Agency
EUROI	PHYT, iRASFF, TRACES, ADIS
Revenu	te line (Chapter/Article/Item):
_	60 30
The rev	venues will be assigned to the following expenditure line (Chapter/Article/Item):
_	Article 03 02 06 – Contributing to a high level of health and welfare for humans, animals and plants
Union I	Database, as established by Directive (EU) 2018/2001
Revenu	ne line (Chapter/Article/Item):
_	6 06 08 - other contributions and refunds - Assigned revenue
The rev	venues will be assigned to the following expenditure line (Chapter/Article/Item):
_	02 20 04 02 – Support activities for the European energy policy and internal energy market
•	Agencies
_	an Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC) and European Food Safety ity (EFSA)
Revenu	ue line (Chapter/Article/Item):
_	662
The rev	venues will be assigned to the following expenditure line (Chapter/Article/Item):
_	Article 06 10 01 – European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control
_	Article 06 10 02 - European Food Safety Authority
Europe	an Union Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER)
Revenu	ne line (Chapter/Article/Item):
_	6 06 08 – Decentralised agencies – Assigned revenue
The rev	venues will be assigned to the following expenditure line (Chapter/Article/Item):
_	Article 02 10 06 – European Union Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER)

3. FNANCIAL IMPACT

	Proposal has no financial implications
	Proposal has no financial impact on expenditure but has a financial impact on revenue
V	Proposal has a financial impact on assigned revenue

The effect is as follows:

• Information systems

European network of employment services (EURES)

Revenue line	Impact on annual revenue (2024 estimate)
R 6 1 2 0	999 897

Situation following action	
Revenue line	Estimated annual revenue
R 6 1 2 0	999 897
Expenditure line	Estimated annual expenditure
07 02 04	999 897
07 10 09	

Electronic Exchange of Social Security Information (EESSI)

Revenue lines	Impact on annual revenue (2024 estimate)
R 6 1 2 0	227 136
R 6 6 3 0	

Situation following action	
Revenue line	Estimated annual revenue
R6 1 2 0 R 6 6 3 0	227 136
Expenditure line	Estimated annual expenditure
07 02 04 07 20 03 01	227 136

Internal Market Information (IMI)

Revenue line	Impact on annual revenue (2024 estimate)
6 00 03 00	96 346

Situation following action	
Revenue line	Estimated annual revenue
6 00 03 00	96 346
Expenditure line	Estimated annual expenditure
Item 03 01 01 01 (03 01 01 02)	96 346

EudraGMDP

Revenue line	Impact on annual revenue (2024 estimate)
6 6 2	6 525

Situation following action	
Revenue line	Estimated annual revenue
6 6 2	6 525
Expenditure line	Estimated annual expenditure
6 10 03 01	6 525

EUROPHYT, iRASFF, TRACES, ADIS

Revenue line	Impact on annual revenue (2024 estimate)
6030	727 804

Situation following action	
Revenue line	Estimated annual revenue
6030	727 804
Expenditure line	Estimated annual expenditure
Article 03 02 06	727 804

Union Database, as established by Directive (EU) 2018/2001

Revenue line	Impact on annual revenue (2024 estimate)
6 06 08	875 000

Situation following action	
Revenue line	Estimated annual revenue
6 06 08	875 000
Expenditure line	Estimated annual expenditure
02 20 04 02	875 000

• Agencies

European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC)

Revenue line	Impact on annual revenue (2024 estimate)
6 6 2	3 670 862

Situation following action	
Revenue line	Estimated annual revenue
6 6 2	3 670 862
Expenditure line	Estimated annual expenditure
Article 06 10 01	3 670 862

${\it European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)}$

Revenue line	Impact on annual revenue (2024 estimate)
6 6 2	7 755 340

Situation following action	
Revenue line	Estimated annual revenue
6 6 2	7 755 340
Expenditure line	Estimated annual expenditure
Article 06 10 02	7 755 340

European Union Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER)⁸

Revenue line	Impact on annual revenue (2024 estimate)
06 06 08	981 805

Situation following action	
Revenue line	Estimated annual revenue
6 06 08	981 805
Expenditure line	Estimated annual expenditure
02 10 06	981 805

4. ANTI-FRAUD MEASURES

Article 325 of the Treaty on the functioning of the European Union (TFEU) requires the Commission to counter fraud and any illegal activities affecting the financial interests of the Union. Preventing and detecting fraud is therefore a general obligation for all Commission Services in the framework of their daily activities involving the use of resources.

Any fraud or irregularities involving Union funds has a particularly negative impact on the reputation of the Commission and the implementation of Union policies. The current Commission Anti-Fraud Strategy (CAFS) (COM(2019)196) was adopted on 29 April 2019, to replace the 2011 Strategy. It is a policy document setting out the Commission's priorities in the fight against fraud in view of the 2021-2027 multiannual financial framework. The 2019 CAFS' main objectives are to 1) "further improve the understanding of fraud patterns, fraudsters' profiles and systemic vulnerabilities relating to fraud affecting the EU budget" (data collection and analysis), and 2) "optimise coordination, cooperation and workflows for the fight against fraud, in particular among Commission services and executive agencies" (coordination, cooperation and processes). The strategy is accompanied by an Action Plan which was revised in July 2023 and which, like its predecessor, seeks to strengthen all parts of the anti-fraud cycle: prevention, detection, investigation and correction.

The guiding principles and target standards of the 2019 CAFS are:

- zero tolerance for fraud;
- fight against fraud as an integral part of internal control;
- cost-effectiveness of controls;
- professional integrity and competence of Union staff;
- transparency on how Union funds are used;

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Based on an annual reference amount corresponding to 85% of the amount of the annual Union voted budget inscribed in the relevant EU budget subsidy line(s).

- fraud prevention, notably fraud-proofing of spending programmes;
- effective investigation capacity and timely exchange of information;
- swift correction (including recovery of defrauded funds and judicial/administrative sanctions);
- good cooperation between internal and external players, in particular between the Union and national authorities responsible, and among the departments of all institutions and bodies of the Union concerned;
- effective internal and external communication on the fight against fraud.

5. OTHER REMARKS

Switzerland's annual financial contribution to the financing of information systems and agencies will take the form of the sum of an operational contribution on the one hand, and a participation fee on the other.

The operational contribution will be based on a contribution key defined as the ratio of the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) of Switzerland at market prices to the GDP of the Union at market prices. The GDPs to be applied will be the latest available as of 1 January of the year in which the annual payment will be made as provided by Statistical Office of the European Union (EUROSTAT), with due regard to the Agreement on cooperation in the field of statistics⁹. If this agreement ceases to apply, the GDP of Switzerland shall be the one established on the basis of data provided by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

The operational contribution for agencies will be calculated by applying the contribution key to the annual Union voted budget inscribed on the relevant Union budget subsidy line(s) of the year in question. The operational contribution for the information systems and other activities will be calculated by applying the contribution key to the relevant budget of the year in question as set out in documents implementing the budget (such as work programmes or contracts). All reference amounts will be based on commitment appropriations.

The annual participation fee shall be 4% of the annual operational contribution.

All financial contributions by Switzerland or payments from the Union, and the calculation of amounts due or to be received will be made in euro.

The European Commission will communicate to Switzerland at the latest on 16 April of the financial year, the following information in relation to Switzerland's participation:

- the amounts in commitment appropriations of the annual Union budget inscribed on the relevant Union subsidy budget line(s) of the year in question for each agency and the amounts in commitment appropriations in relation to the Union voted budget of the year in question for the relevant budget of the information systems;
- the amount of the participation fee;
- as regards agencies, in year N+1 the amounts in budgetary commitments made on commitment appropriations authorised in year N on the relevant Union budget subsidy line(s) in relation to the annual Union budget inscribed on the relevant Union subsidy budget lines of year N.

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Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on cooperation in the field of statistics (OJ L 90, 28.3.2006, p. 2)

Based on its draft budget, the European Commission shall provide an estimate of abovementioned information as soon as possible, and at the latest, by 1 September of the financial year.

The European Commission shall issue calls for funds to Switzerland that correspond to the contribution of Switzerland for each of the agencies, information systems and other activities in which Switzerland participates. Switzerland shall pay the amount indicated in the call for funds at the latest 60 days after a call for funds has been issued.

In each call for funds, Switzerland may make separate payments for each agency, information system or other activity.

Any delay in the payment of the financial contribution shall give rise to the payment of default interest by Switzerland on the outstanding amount from the due date.

The interest rate for amounts receivable not paid on the due date shall be the rate applied by the European Central Bank to its principal refinancing operations, as published in the C series of the Official Journal of the European Union, in force on the first calendar day of the month in which the due date falls, or 0%, whichever is higher, plus 3.5 percentage points.