

EUROPEAN COMMISSION

> Brussels, 18.7.2025 COM(2025) 418 final

ANNEX

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to the

Proposal for a DIRECTIVE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

amending Directive 2004/37/EC as regards the addition of substances and setting limit values in its Annexes I, III and IIIa

 $\{ SEC(2025) \ 217 \ final \} - \{ SWD(2025) \ 191 \ final \} - \{ SWD(2025) \ 192 \ final \} - \{ SWD(2025) \ 193 \ final \}$

ANNEX

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Annexes I, III and IIIa to Directive 2004/37/EC are amended as follows:

- (1) in Annex I, the following point 9 is added:
- '9. Work involving exposure to fumes from welding processes containing substances that meet the criteria for a substance or mixture which meets the criteria for classification as a category 1A or 1B carcinogen, mutagen or reprotoxic set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008¹;
- (2) in Annex III, point A is amended as follows:
- (a) in the Table the row related to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons mixtures, particularly those containing benzo[a]pyrene, which are carcinogens within the meaning of this Directive, is replaced by the following:

		CA CA	Limit values							
Name of	EC	S	8 hours $(^3)$			Short-term (⁴)			Notati	Transitional
agent	No (¹)	No (²)	mg/m ³ (⁵)	pp m (⁶)	f/ ml (⁷)	mg/ m ³	pp m	f/ml	on	measures
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons mixtures, particularly those containing benzo[a]pyren e, which are carcinogens, mutagens or reprotoxicants within the meaning of this Directive			0,0000 7(* ²)						Skin (¹⁰)	Limit value 0,00014(*2) until [OJ: six years after the date of entry into force of the amending Directive] limited to the following sectors: (1) steel and iron foundries, which includes ferroalloy manufacturers, (2) aluminium manufacturers, (3) carbon and graphite electrode manufacturers, (4) coking plants, (5) coal tar distillation, (6)

¹ Exposure shall not exceed the limit value of a carcinogen, mutagen or a reprotoxic substance as set out in Annex III when those substances are released during the welding process.

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	refractory products manufacturers, (7) welding of train tracks, (8) other non-ferrous metallurgical processes, and (9) casting of metals.
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(b) in the Table, the row related to mercury and divalent inorganic mercury compounds including mercuric oxide and mercuric chloride (measured as mercury) is replaced by the following:

	EC	CA S		Lin	nit val	ues				
Name of			8 hou	$rs(^{3})$		Short-term (⁴)			⁴) Notati	Transitional
agent	No (¹)	No (²)	mg/m ³ (⁵)	pp m (⁶)	f/ ml (⁷)	mg/ m ³	pp m	f/ml	on	measures
Mercury and divalent inorganic mercury compounds that fall under the scope of this Directive (measured as mercury)			0,02		_	_	_	_		

';

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(c) in the table the following rows are added

		CA S		Lir	nit va	lues				
Name of	EC		8 hou	$rs(^{3})$		Short-term (⁴)				Transitional
agent	No	No	mg/m ³	pp	f/	mg/	pp	f/ml	Notation	measures
	(1)	$(^{2})$	⁽⁵⁾	m	ml	m ³	m			
				(6)	(')					
Cobalt and			0,01(1		_	_	_	_	dermal and	Limit value of
inorganic			¹)							0,02(¹¹) and
cobalt			0,002						sensitisation	0,0042(⁹) until
compounds			5(⁹)						(¹³)	[OJ: six years
										after the date of
										entry into force
										of the amending
										Directive]

1,4-dioxane		7,3	2	73	20	Skin (¹⁰)	
';							

(d) in the footnotes after the Table, the following footnote (*2) is added:

(*2) Measured as benzo[a]pyrene.';

- (¹) EC No, i.e. Einecs, ELINCS or NLP, is the official number of the substance within the European Union, as defined in Section 1.1.1.2 in Annex VI, Part 1, to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
- (²) CAS No: Chemical Abstract Service Registry Number.
- (³) Measured or calculated for a reference period of eight hours time-weighted average (TWA).
- (⁴) Short-term exposure limit (STEL). A limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is for a 15-minute period unless otherwise specified.
- (⁵) $mg/m^3 = milligrams$ per cubic metre of air at 20 °C and 101,3 kPa (760 mm mercury pressure).
- (⁶) ppm = parts per million by volume in air (ml/m^3) .
- $(^7)$ f/ml = fibres per millilitre.
- (⁹) Respirable fraction.
- (¹⁰) Substantial contribution to the total body burden via dermal exposure possible.
- (¹¹) Inhalable fraction.
- $(^{13})$ The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract.
- (3) in Annex IIIa, the following point is added:
- '1,4-dioxane

2. The binding biological limit value is 45 mg HEAA*in urine/g creatinine.'

^{*(2-}Hydroxyethoxy)acetic acid'.