

“This is the cheapest stimulus package you can imagine”

Tale af EU's handelskommissær Karel de Gucht, 2. marts 2013

http://europa.eu/rapid/press-release_SPEECH-13-178_en.htm

» Og økonomisk vil den kunne skabe markant øget vækst og masser af nye arbejdspladser på begge sider af Atlanten,«

Handelsminister Pia Olsen Dyhr, 15. jun 2013, Berlingske Nyhedsbureau

<http://newsbreak.dk/eu-klar-til-at-forhandle-om-historiens-storste-frihandelsaftale/>

Der er derfor ingen tvivl: Frihandelsaftalen vil gøre Danmark rigere og skabe flere arbejdspladser...

EP-kandidat Ulla Tørnæs (V), Altinget, 4. marts 2014

<http://www.altinget.dk/artikel/frihandel-giver-danske-arbejdspladser>

TTIP er godt nyt for dansk og europæisk økonomi. Vi forventer vækst, lavere forbrugerpriser og højere realløn til lønmodtagere.

Handelsminister Mogens Jensen, Information 20. nov. 2014

<http://www.information.dk/516355>

Summary of Macroeconomic Effect

	Limited agreement: tariffs only	Limited agreement: services only	Limited agreement: procurement only	Comprehensive agreement: less ambitious	Comprehensive agreement: ambitious
Change in GDP					
EU, million euros	23,753	5,298	6,367	68,274	119,212
US, million euros	9,447	7,356	1,875	49,543	94,904

-Hovedparten (80%) af TTIP € er "NTB"

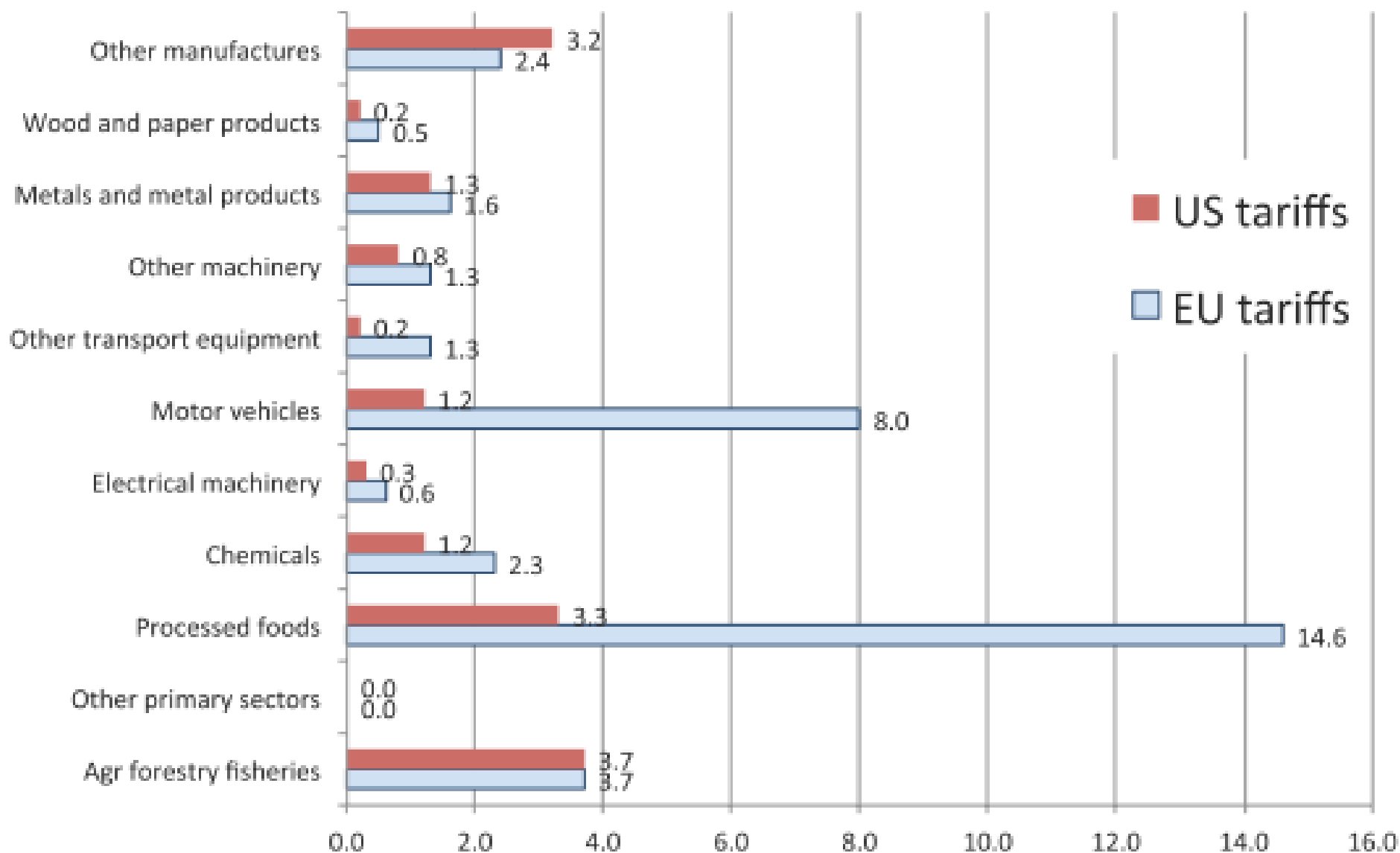
Reducing Transatlantic Barriers to Trade and Investment - An Economic Assessment

March 2013

TRADE10/A2/A16 Centre for Economic Policy Research (CEPR)

http://trade.ec.europa.eu/doclib/docs/2013/march/tradoc_150737.pdf

Trade Weighted Applied (MFN) average tariff rates 2007



€119,2 mia

0,48% vækst i 2027 = årlig vækst på 0,048%...!

Table 16 Changes in GDP (in per cent), 2027 benchmark, 20 per cent direct spill-overs

	A=B+C+ D+E+F	B	C	D	E	F	G
	Total	tariffs	total NTBs goods	total NTBs services	direct spill- overs	indirect spill-overs	procurement
	Stemming from the liberalisation of						
Less ambitious experiment							
European Union	0.27	0.10	0.12	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.02
United States	0.21	0.04	0.11	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.01
Ambitious experiment							
European Union	0.48	0.11	0.26	0.03	0.07	0.02	0.05
United States	0.39	0.04	0.23	0.06	0.06	0.00	0.03

Capaldo: UN's Global Policy Model

- **Losses in net exports** Northern European Economies would suffer the largest losses (2.07% of GDP) followed by France (1.9%)
- **Losses in terms of GDP.** Northern European Economies would suffer the largest GDP reduction (-0.50%) followed by France (-0.48%) and Germany (-0.29%).
- **Loss of labor income.** France would be the worst hit with a loss of 5,500 Euros per worker, followed by Northern European Countries (-4,800 € per worker), United Kingdom (-4,200)
- **Job losses.** 600,000 jobs would be lost in the EU. Northern European countries would be the most affected (-223,000 jobs), followed by Germany (-134,000 jobs), France (-130,000 jobs) and Southern European countries (-90,000).